FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA

For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE NO.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position Of Governmental Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Of Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Agency Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	17
Notes to the Financial Statements	18-37
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual– Major Funds: General Fund	38-39
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	40
Required Supplementary Information – Pension Plan	41-42
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Pension Plan	43
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS	
MAJOR FUND:	
Public Roads Fund	44
Capital Projects 2015 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	45

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE NO.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS - Continued

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds 46
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds 47

Combining Balance Sheet – Special Revenue Funds 48
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Special Revenue Funds 49

Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Projects Funds 50
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Projects Funds 51

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Multiple Grant Fund 52
Jail Fund 53
Law Library Fund 54
D.A.T.E. Fund 55
Revolving Loan Fund 56
Sheriff's Drug Fund 57
T-SPLOST Fund 58

FIDUCIARY FUNDS:

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds 59
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds 60-61

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds 62

Revolving Loan Fund Supplementary Information 63

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 64-65

Schedule of Findings and Responses 66

Henderson & Godbee, LLP
Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants
Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants • Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Clinch County, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clinch County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended July 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinch County, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Clinch County Board of Health which represent 100% of the total assets and revenues of Clinch County, Georgia's component units as of and for the year ended July 31, 2020. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Clinch County Board of Health, is based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinch County, Georgia, as of July 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 10), budgetary comparison information (on pages 38 through 40), and the schedules of historical pension information and the related notes (on pages 41 through 43) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clinch County, Georgia, Georgia's basic financial statements. The accompanying major fund budgets and actual for public roads fund and capital projects 2015 special purpose local option sales tax, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the fiduciary funds combining statements of assets and liabilities and changes in assets and liabilities, and the revolving loan fund supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of projects constructed with special sales tax proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Georgia and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The major fund budgets and actual for public roads fund and capital projects 2015 special purpose local option sales tax, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the fiduciary funds combining statements of assets and liabilities and changes in assets and liabilities, schedule of projects constructed with special sales tax proceeds, and the revolving loan fund supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 7, 2021, on our consideration of the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Henderson & Godbee, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
Valdosta, Georgia

July 7, 2021

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Required Supplemental Information
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

As Management of the Clinch County, Georgia, we offer readers of the County's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the year ending July 31, 2020. We encourage our readers to consider the information presented within this Management's discussion and analysis in conjunction with the basic financial statements. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for FY20 are as follows:

The County's total net position increased by $250,840.

The County's governmental fund assets exceeded its liabilities at July 31, 2020 by $6,457,800 (fund balances). Of this amount $4,394,643 (unassigned fund balance) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, fund balance for the General Fund increased by $773,148 resulting in a fund balance of $4,678,044.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the County as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements also provide a detailed look at specific financial conditions.

The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: the government -wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail that the government-wide statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the County, non-financial information such as changes in the County's tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the County is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, judicial, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation and housing and development. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Component Unit - The County's financial statements include financial data of the Clinch County, Georgia Board of Health. This component unit is described in the notes to the financial statements. This component unit is separate and may buy, sell, lease, and mortgage property in its own name and can sue or be sued in its own name.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. Based on the restriction on the use of moneys, the County has established many funds that account for the multitude of services provided to our residents. The County's major governmental fund is General Fund.

Governmental Funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the year-end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2019 Restated	2020	2019-2020
Assets			
Current and other assets	$ 6,562,697	$ 7,027,022	7.08%
Capital assets, net	6,062,378	5,634,585	-7.06%
Total Assets	**12,625,075**	**12,661,607**	0.29%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	118,912	76,343	-35.80%
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	947,446	666,313	-29.67%
Long-term liabilities	748,834	686,592	-8.31%
Total Liabilities	**1,696,280**	**1,352,905**	-20.24%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	45,398	131,896	0.00%
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,233,157	4,835,962	-7.59%
Restricted	1,964,635	1,779,756	-9.41%
Unrestricted	3,804,517	4,637,431	21.89%
Total Net Position	**$ 11,002,309**	**$ 11,253,149**	2.28%

As noted earlier, the County's net position, when reviewed over time, may serve as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by $11,253,149 as of July 31, 2020. A large portion of the County's net position (43%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and building improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (16%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they can be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (41%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The next table shows the changes in net position for the year ending July 31, 2020.

	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2019	**2020**	**2019-2020**
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	$ 804,689	$ 784,314	-2.53%
Operating grants and contributions	84,392	58,427	-30.77%
Capital grants and contributions	972,422	501,545	-48.42%
Total Program Revenues	1,861,503	1,344,286	-27.78%
General Revenues			
Property taxes	3,343,188	3,633,504	8.68%
Sales taxes	1,269,494	1,386,910	9.25%
Timber taxes	197,297	309,014	56.62%
Insurance premium taxes	238,055	255,128	7.17%
Other taxes	92,644	87,974	-5.04%
Interest, penalties and costs - taxes	77,303	40,509	-47.60%
Investment earnings	36,860	39,964	8.42%
Miscellaneous	73,135	73,644	0.70%
Total General Revenues	5,327,976	5,826,647	9.36%
Total Revenues	**7,189,479**	**7,170,933**	**-0.26%**
Expenses			
Governmental Activities:			
General Government			
Legislative and executive	$ 1,760,657	$ 1,571,313	-10.75%
Judicial	443,043	454,537	2.59%
Public safety	1,576,926	1,819,294	15.37%
Public works	3,563,390	2,623,874	-26.37%
Health and welfare	98,150	110,578	12.66%
Culture and recreation	161,366	183,739	13.86%
Housing and development	151,760	135,464	-10.74%
Interest on long-term debt	20,204	21,294	5.39%
Total Expenses	7,775,496	6,920,093	-11.00%
Change in Net Position	**(586,017)**	**$ 250,840**	**-142.80%**
Net Position, Restated	11,588,326	11,002,309	-5.06%
Net Position, Ending	**$ 11,002,309**	**$ 11,253,149**	**2.28%**

Governmental Activities

The following table provides the total cost of services and the net cost of services for the governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting these services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

	Total Cost of Services		Percentage Change	Net Cost of Services		Percentage Change
Function	**2019**	**2020**	**2019-2020**	**2019**	**2020**	**2019-2020**
General Government						
Legislative and executive	$ 1,760,657	$ 1,571,313	-10.75%	$ 1,396,558	$ 1,127,786	-19.25%
Judicial	443,043	454,537	2.59%	267,630	265,658	-0.74%
Public safety	1,576,926	1,819,294	15.37%	1,189,819	1,713,070	43.98%
Public works	3,563,390	2,623,874	-26.37%	3,078,180	2,114,159	-31.32%
Health and welfare	98,150	110,578	12.66%	57,710	58,806	1.90%
Culture and recreation	161,366	183,739	13.86%	167,729	183,739	9.55%
Housing and development	151,760	135,464	-10.74%	80,942	91,295	12.79%
Interest on long-term debt	20,204	21,294	5.39%	24,146	21,294	-11.81%
Total	**$ 7,775,496**	**$ 6,920,093**	**-11.00%**	**$ 6,262,714**	**$ 5,575,807**	**-10.97%**

Financial Analysis of County Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of July 31, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of $6,457,800, an increase of $588,269. Approximately 68% of this total ($4,394,643) represents unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion but is currently held for adequate fund balance reserves for daily operations.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of July 31, 2020, the unassigned fund balance was $ 4,394,643.

Budgetary Highlights

By State statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the annual operating budget for the fiscal year on or before the first day of the fiscal year. Changes were made to the adopted budget in some departments due to greater than expected expenditures such as rising gas prices and other unexpected cost and were offset by revenues exceeding the original budget.

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for governmental as of July 31, 2020, was $5,634,585 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during FY20 included the acquisition of a vehicle and equipment for various County departments and road improvements.

Note 5 (Capital Assets) provides additional information about capital asset activity during FY20.

Debt

At July 31, 2020, the County had total capital lease debt outstanding of $798,623.

In addition to the capital leases, the County's long-term obligations include compensated absences. Notes 8 and 9 provide information regarding these liabilities.

Economic Factors

Revenues in excess of expenditures resulted in an increase in the fund balance in the General Fund. However, compared to the prior year, the General Fund revenues had declined while expenditures increased.

The County adjusted net taxable digest increased 3.31% in FY20.

Local option sales tax increased 1% in FY20.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Clinch County Commission, County Clerk, 22 Court Square, Suite B, Homerville, Georgia 31634.

Component unit financial statements can be obtained from the Southeast Health District office and should be addressed to the Finance Director, 604 Riverside Avenue, Waycross, Georgia 31501.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
July 31, 2020

	Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Total	Clinch County Board of Health
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 6,558,196	$ 6,558,196	$ 163,435
Taxes receivable	256,985	256,985	-
Accounts receivable	174,212	174,212	-
Notes receivable	11,905	11,905	-
Due from other governments	25,724	25,724	64,219
Nondepreciable capital assets	130,130	130,130	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,504,455	5,504,455	-
TOTAL ASSETS	12,661,607	12,661,607	227,654
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	76,343	76,343	59,726
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	251,240	251,240	-
Accrued liabilities	11,041	11,041	-
Due to other governments	56,420	56,420	17,686
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Capital leases payable	138,447	138,447	-
Compensated absences	39,623	39,623	2,485
Due in more than one year:			
Capital leases payable	660,176	660,176	-
Compensated absences	26,416	26,416	9,940
Net pension obligation liability	169,542	169,542	260,797
Net OPEB liability	-	-	46,415
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,352,905	1,352,905	337,323
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	131,896	131,896	104,909
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,835,962	4,835,962	-
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	1,464,182	1,464,182	-
Law library	7,365	7,365	-
Drug education and treatment	1,910	1,910	-
Economic development	260,805	260,805	-
Drug enforcement	25,224	25,224	-
Jail operations	14,277	14,277	
Health and welfare	5,993	5,993	108,648
Unrestricted	4,637,431	4,637,431	(263,400)
TOTAL NET POSITION	$ 11,253,149	$ 11,253,149	$ (154,752)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services	Program Revenues: Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Program Revenues: Capital Grants, Contributions, and Interest
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
General government				
Legislative	$ 1,571,313	$ 437,444	$ 6,083	$ -
Judicial	454,537	188,813	66	-
Public Safety	1,819,294	98,847	7,377	-
Public Works	2,623,874	7,438	732	501,545
Health and Welfare	110,578	51,772	-	-
Culture and Recreation	183,739	-	-	-
Housing and Development	135,464	-	44,169	-
Interest on Long-term Debt	21,294	-	-	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	6,920,093	784,314	58,427	501,545
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	$ 6,920,093	784,314	58,427	501,545
COMPONENTS UNITS				
Clinch County Board of Health	$ 350,484	$ 110,607	$ 295,384	$ -
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	$ 350,484	$ 110,607	$ 295,384	$ -
GENERAL REVENUES				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				
Timber taxes				
Sales taxes				
Real estate transfer taxes				
Railroad equipment car taxes				
Insurance premium taxes				
Beer and wine taxes				
Intangible recording taxes				
Interest, penalties and costs - delinquent taxes				
Cable franchise tax				
Interest on bank deposits				
Other revenues				
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
NET POSITION, RESTATED				
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Primary Government		Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Total	Clinch County Board of Health
$ (1,127,786)	$ (1,127,786)	$ -
(265,658)	(265,658)	-
(1,713,070)	(1,713,070)	-
(2,114,159)	(2,114,159)	-
(58,806)	(58,806)	-
(183,739)	(183,739)	-
(91,295)	(91,295)	-
(21,294)	(21,294)	-
(5,575,807)	(5,575,807)	-
(5,575,807)	(5,575,807)	-
$ -	$ -	$ 55,507
$ -	$ -	$ 55,507
3,633,504	3,633,504	-
309,014	309,014	-
1,386,910	1,386,910	-
10,167	10,167	-
54,652	54,652	-
255,128	255,128	-
5,786	5,786	-
11,243	11,243	-
40,509	40,509	-
6,126	6,126	-
39,964	39,964	-
73,644	73,644	30,087
5,826,647	5,826,647	30,087
250,840	250,840	85,594
11,002,309	11,002,309	(240,346)
$ 11,253,149	$ 11,253,149	$ (154,752)

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
July 31, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects Funds: Public Roads Fund	Capital Projects Funds: 2015 Special Purpose Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS					
Cash	$ 4,788,271	$ 783,883	$ 189,134	$ 796,906	$ 6,558,194
Taxes receivable	256,986	-	-	-	256,986
Accounts receivable	81,640	-	-	410	82,050
Note receivable	-	-	-	11,905	11,905
Due from other funds	100	-	-	-	100
Due from other governments	25,724	-	55,866	36,297	117,887
TOTAL ASSETS	5,152,721	783,883	245,000	845,518	7,027,122
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	213,113	21,152	6,308	10,664	251,237
Accrued liabilities	11,043	-	-	-	11,043
Due to other funds	-	-	-	100	100
Due to other governments	-	-	56,421	-	56,421
TOTAL LIABILITIES	224,156	21,152	62,729	10,764	318,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	250,521	-	-	-	250,521
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	250,521	-	-	-	250,521
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	-	762,731	182,271	519,180	1,464,182
Law library	-	-	-	7,365	7,365
Drug education and treatment	-	-	-	1,910	1,910
Economic development	-	-	-	260,805	260,805
Drug enforcement	-	-	-	25,224	25,224
Jail operations	-	-	-	14,277	14,277
Health and welfare	-	-	-	5,993	5,993
Assigned for:					
Property tax roll back	283,401	-	-	-	283,401
Unassigned reported in:					
General Fund	4,394,643	-	-	-	4,394,643
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,678,044	762,731	182,271	834,754	6,457,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	$ 5,152,721	$ 783,883	$ 245,000	$ 845,518	$ 7,027,122

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES
TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
July 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		$ 6,457,800
Amounts report for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Net Pension Obligation		
Pension liabilities resulting from contributions less than the annual required contribution		(169,542)
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and are not recognized at the fund financial reporting level but are reported on the government-wide statement of net position		
Deferred outflow of resources - pension	76,343	76,343
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets	54,122,929	
Less accumulated depreciation	(48,488,344)	5,634,585
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental activities.		
Capital leases payable	(798,623)	
Compensated absences	(66,039)	
Deferred inflow of resouces - pension	(131,896)	(996,558)
Revenue are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred tax revenue		250,521
Net Position of Governmental Activities		$ 11,253,149

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects Funds: Public Roads Fund	Capital Projects Funds: 2015 Special Purpose Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes	$ 4,531,955	$ -	$ 625,489	$ 463,514	$ 5,620,958
Licenses and permits	23,889	-	-	-	23,889
Intergovernmental revenues	141,221	498,501	-	-	639,722
Charges for services	558,764	-	-	-	558,764
Fines and forfeitures	72,183	-	-	41,950	114,133
Investment income	39,964	3,043	732	4,312	48,051
Miscellaneous	73,643	-	-	1,000	74,643
TOTAL REVENUES	5,441,619	501,544	626,221	510,776	7,080,160
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government					
Legislative and executive	1,555,800	-	-	1,000	1,556,800
Judicial	425,579	-	-	18,469	444,048
Public safety	1,613,540	-	30,542	30,761	1,674,843
Public works	698,880	745,972	97,378	283,589	1,825,819
Health and welfare	100,956	-	-	-	100,956
Culture and recreation	178,727	-	-	-	178,727
Housing and development	94,989	-	-	40,475	135,464
Intergovernmental	-	-	320,038	-	320,038
Capital outlay	-	-	203,304	-	203,304
Debt service					
Principle retirement	-	-	140,540	-	140,540
Interest	-	-	21,294	-	21,294
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,668,471	745,972	813,096	374,294	6,601,833
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	773,148	(244,428)	(186,875)	136,482	478,327
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	109,942	-	109,942
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	109,942	-	109,942
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	773,148	(244,428)	(76,933)	136,482	588,269
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,904,896	1,007,159	259,204	698,272	5,869,531
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	$ 4,678,044	$ 762,731	$ 182,271	$ 834,754	$ 6,457,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		$ 588,269
Amounts report for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Net Pension Obligation		
Change in pension liabilities resulting from contributions more than the annual required contribution		(18,659)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for capital assets	1,042,301	
Current year depreciation expense	(1,470,094)	(427,793)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds		
Net change in deferred revenues - property taxes	92,081	
Capital lease financing	(109,942)	(17,861)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Net change in long-term compensated absences	(13,656)	(13,656)
Repayment of principal on debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of activities:		
Payments on long-term debt		140,540
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		$ 250,840

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
July 31, 2020

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	$ 393,255
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 393,255
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	$ 393,255
TOTAL LIABILITIES	393,255
NET POSITION	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements present Clinch County, Georgia have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A.The Reporting Entity

These financial statements present Clinch County, Georgia (the primary government) which is governed by an elected five - member board, and a discretely presented component unit. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the County. In conformity with GAAP, as set forth in the Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and amended by GASB No. 61, the component units' financial statements have been included as discretely presented component units. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported separately in the government-wide financial statements reflects the most recently audited financial statements. The following is a brief review of each component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

Clinch County Board of Health

The Clinch County Board of Health is a component unit based on the criteria of the County appointing a voting majority to the board and the County's ability to impose its will upon the Clinch County Board of Health. The financial statements for the Clinch County Board of Health are presented in these financial statements using the method of discrete presentation. The Clinch County Board of Health fiscal year end is June 30. A complete set of financial statements for the Clinch County Board of Health is presented in a separate report and can be obtained from the Clinch County Board of Health, 1101 Church Street, Waycross, Georgia 31501.

Joint Venture

The County, in conjunction with cities and counties in the (16) county Southeast Georgia area are members of the Southern Georgia Regional Commission. Membership in the Regional Commission is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The official Code Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the Regional Commission's. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the Regional Commission. The County paid annual dues in the amount of $5,356 to the Regional Commission for the year ended July 31, 2020. The Regional Commission Board membership includes the Chief elected official of each county and municipality. The County Board members and municipal Board members from the same county elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the County or municipality) to serve as the non-public Board member from the County.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines a Regional Commission as "public agencies and instrumentality's of their members". Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a Regional Commission beyond its resources. (O.C.G. A. 50-8-39.1)

A copy of the financial report can be obtained at the following address:

Southern Georgia Regional Commission
3395 Harris Road
Waycross. Georgia 31503

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

The financial statements of Clinch County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the County's accounting policies.

B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

C. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general operating revenues which are not restricted or designated as to use by outside sources are recorded in the General Fund.

Public Roads Fund. The Public Roads Fund accounts for road improvement funds provided by the Georgia Department of Transportation through its Local Maintenance and Improvement Grants (LMIG) program.

Capital Projects 2015 SPLOST Fund. The Capital Projects 2015 Special Purpose Sales Tax Fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax that was renewed by referendum. The revenue is restricted to the stated purposes of the referendum.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose; the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of debt, and the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The County's agency funds account for assets held by the County's Tax Commissioner, Clerk of Court, Sheriff, Magistrate Court and Probate Court for other governments or individuals.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

D. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues—Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days after year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the sales are made. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at year end: sales taxes, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, grants, interest, and rent.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

E. Basis of Accounting - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The County has no deferred outflows.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Property taxes for which there was an enforceable legal claim at July 31, 2020, but were levied to finance FY20 operations are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. The unavailable revenues from property taxes amount to $250,521.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. Prepaid expenditures in governmental funds are recognized during the benefiting period.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

The County adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles with the following exceptions. The County budget may present the use of appropriated beginning fund balances and the proceeds of short-term debt as other financing sources, and the repayment of short-term debt as other financing uses, when such elements are present in the adopted budget.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to August 1, the Board of Commissioners prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following August 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. Notice is given at least ten days in advance by publication in the official organ of Clinch County.

3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

4. The budget is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgetary control is established at the department level. Management may not make changes without approval of the Board of Commissioners.

Budgeted amounts are presented as amended by the Clinch County Board of Commissioners.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized in the governmental funds.

H. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash, and so near their maturity that they present insignificant rates of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

The County's deposit policy limits deposit choices to checking accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits with local banks. All deposits are to be secured as required by state statutes. The state statute requires the deposits to be secured at an amount equal to the total deposits less FDIC insurance, and then multiplied by 110 percent.

The County is authorized to invest in funds in (1) obligations which constitute direct obligations of, or are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America; (2) certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks located in the state of Georgia when secured by acceptable collateral; (3) obligations of the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank and Federal Bank of Cooperatives; and (4) bonds or other obligations issued by any public housing agency or municipality which are served by a pledge of annual contributors under contract with the United States Government, or project notes secured by a payment agreement with the United States Government.

I. Inventory

Materials purchased are shown as expenditures when acquired are not inventoried at year end due to a lack of materiality.

J. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of $5,000. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, and culverts. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

K. Capital Assets - Continued

All capital assets are depreciated, except for land and improvements and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Building Improvements	40 - 50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Infrastructure	25 years

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of improvements including roads and bridges for which historical cost information was available or could be estimated. All infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB 34 has been capitalized and reported.

L. Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

M. Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The County records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and sick leave when earned for all employees.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are not recognized as a liability and expenditure.

N. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are recognized as fund liabilities when incurred. However, required pension contributions that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Loans and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Fund Balances

The County has implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Report and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Under GASB Statement No. 54, fund balances are required to be reported in the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form , or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact.

Restricted fund balance – Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the County Board of Commissioners.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the County Board of Commissioners, or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

Unassigned fund balances – This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: Committed, Assigned, Unassigned.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Q. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as Interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in enterprise funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

The County maintains separate checking and investment accounts for each fund. The County's cash in bank balances represent balances in all accounts including general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and fiduciary funds.

At July 31, 2020 the balance of deposits were fully collateralized by FDIC insurance and pledged securities by the banking entities.

Note 3 – Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

General Fund	
Georgia Department of Revenue	$ 25,724
Total - General Fund	25,724
Capital Project Funds	
2015 SPLOST Fund	
Georgia Department of Revenue	55,866
Total - 2015 SPLOST Fund	55,866
Capital Project Funds	
T SPLOST Fund	
Georgia Department of Revenue	36,297
Total - T SPLOST Fund	36,297
Total - Due From Other Governments	$ 117,887

Note 4 – Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of July 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund		
CDBG Fund	$ -	$ 100
	-	100
Capital Projects Funds		
CDBG Fund		
General Fund	100	-
Total Governmental Funds	$ 100	$ -

Note 5 - Property Taxes

The County sets its property tax millage on the tax levy date each year. Taxes are levied on October 1. The property tax lien attaches to property in existence at January 1 of each year and is payable by December 20 of that year. The County collects taxes on real and personal property including motor vehicles and mobile homes. The Clinch County Tax Commissioner acts as collection agent for the County, Industrial Authority, Hospital Authority, Board of Education, and State of Georgia for taxes on real and personal property and for the City of Homerville for taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes owned by City residents. Georgia state law does not provide for maximum millage rates that the County may levy.

Deferred Revenue - Delinquent property taxes not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end is recognized as deferred revenue.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in general capital assets for the year ended July 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance at August 1, 2019	Prior Year Adjustment	Additions	Reductions	Balance at July 31, 2020
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:					
Land and improvements	$ 130,130	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 130,130
Construction in progress	280,585	-	519,064	799,649	-
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	$ 410,715	$ -	$ 519,064	$ 799,649	$ 130,130
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings and building improvements	$ 2,524,877	$ -	$ 63,300	$ -	$ 2,588,177
Machinery and equipment	1,992,023	-	97,238	-	2,089,261
Furniture and fixtures	39,749	-	-	22,220	17,529
Vehicles	1,055,749	-	203,304	83,317	1,175,736
Infrastructure	47,172,580	-	959,044	9,528	48,122,096
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	52,784,978	-	1,322,886	115,065	53,992,799
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and building improvements	966,135	278,626	43,116	-	1,287,877
Machinery and equipment	1,236,875	-	260,928	-	1,497,803
Furniture and fixtures	31,380	-	2,351	22,220	11,511
Vehicles	788,149	-	132,613	83,317	837,445
Infrastructure	43,832,150	-	1,031,086	9,528	44,853,708
Total Accumulated Depreciation	46,854,689	278,626	1,470,094	115,065	48,488,344
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,930,289	(278,626)	(147,208)	-	5,504,455
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	$ 6,341,004	$ (278,626)	$ 371,856	$ 799,649	$ 5,634,585

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	
Legislative and Executive	$ 3,306
Judicial	10,796
Public Safety	130,388
Public Works	1,311,407
Health and Welfare	8,720
Culture and Recreation	5,477
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	$ 1,470,094

Note 7 – Risk Management

The County may be subject to risk of loss due to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County covers these risks through the purchase of insurance coverage through the ACCG – Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund and the ACCG – Interlocal Risk Management Agency. These are public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expense incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Note 8 – Pension Plan

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia ("ACCG") Defined Benefit Plan ("Plan"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, modified to include unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities owned by this Plan.

Plan membership contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. County contributions are recognized when due and the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

Investments in securities are valued at current market prices. The trust fund is invested, approximately, in 70% equities and 30% fixed income securities on a cost basis.

The Trustees for the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Pension Plan and Trust oversees the administration, investment and funding of the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Retirement Program for member employers.

The County contributes to the Association County Commissioners of Georgia ("ACCG") Defined Benefit Plan, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia.

Note 8 – Pension Plan - Continued

Plan Membership

Participant counts of those eligible for benefits as of January 1, 2019, (the most recent actuarial valuation date) and covered compensation (based on coverage earnings for the preceding year) are shown below:

Retirees, beneficiaries and disables receiving benefits		13
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits		16
Active plan members		9
Total number of plan participants		38
Covered compensation for active participants	$	390,097

Benefits

The specific benefit provisions of the County's plan were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners. The Plan provides for benefits upon retirement, death, disablement, and termination of employment, if certain eligibility conditions are met.

Contributions

The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code set forth the minimum funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans. Administrative expenses are based on total covered compensation of active plan participants and are added to the state-required annual fund requirement.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish, and amend from time-to-time the contribution rates for the County and its plan participants.

The annual County contribution to the Plan is determined using the actuarial basis described in the annual valuation report. The annual County contributions meets or exceeds the minimum funding requirements of Georgia Statute 47-20. The County contributions for the calendar year ending December 31, 2019 were $58,783. All governmental funds that have personnel contribute toward liquidation of the pension liabilities.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. The amount recognized as by the County as the net pension liability was as follows:

Net Pension Liability	$169,542

Note 8 – Pension Plan – Continued

Net Pension Liability – Continued

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used for the January 1, 2019 valuation was applied to all periods included in the measurement were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Projected salary increases	3.50% per year with an age based scale
Cost of living adjustment	N/A
Investment return	7.00%
Mortality	Pub-2010 GE (50%) & PS (50%) Amt-Weighted with Scale AA to 2019 (Pre-Retirement: Employee, Post-Retirement: Retiree)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	30%	25%-35%
Equities:		
Large Cap	30%	25%-35%
Mid Cap	5%	2.5%-10%
Small Cap	5%	2.5%-10%
REIT	5%	2.5%-10%
International	15%	10%-20%
Multi Cap	5%	2.5%-10%
Global Allocation	5%	2.5%-10%
	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of December 31, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contribution will be made at the current contribution rate and that Country contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 8 – Pension Plan – Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Pension	Net Pension Liability
Balance at December 31, 2018	$ 1,214,173	$ 934,222	$ 279,951
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	5,381	-	5,381
Interest	82,946	-	82,946
Liability experience (gain)/loss	(16,257)	-	(16,257)
Assumption change	51,568	-	51,568
Employer contributions	-	58,783	(58,783)
Employee contributions	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	196,682	(196,682)
Benefit payment	(58,448)	(58,448)	-
Administrative expense	-	(16,517)	16,517
Other changes	-	(4,901)	4,901
Net Changes	65,190	175,599	(110,409)
Balance at December 31, 2019	$ 1,279,363	$ 1,109,821	$ 169,542

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Total Pension Liability	$ 1,379,465	$ 1,279,363	$ 1,191,552
Fiduciary Net Position	1,109,821	1,109,821	1,109,821
Net Pension Liability	$ 269,644	$ 169,542	$ 81,731

Note 8 – Pension Plan – Continued

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of $58,783. At July 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Net Deferred Outflows	Net Deferred Inflows
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	$ 76,343	$ (131,896)
Total	$ 76,343	$ (131,896)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	$ (13,876)
2021	$ (15,701)
2022	$ (569)
2023	$ (25,407)
2024	$ -

A copy of additional financial information from the Plan financial reports can be obtained from GEBCorp, 400 Galleria Parkway, Suite 1250, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

Other Retirement Plans

In addition to the above retirement plan, of which the County is administrator, the following retirement plans are in effect but are not under the direct control of the County:

1) Judges of the Probate Courts Retirement Fund of Georgia
2) Clerk of Superior Court Retirement Fund
3) Sheriffs' Retirement Fund/Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund
4) Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia

These plans provide for certain sums from marriage licenses, fees, fines and forfeitures to be remitted directly to the pension plans before the payment of any costs or other claims. GASB Statement #68 valuation reports and schedules can be found on their respective web sites.

Note 8 – Pension Plan – Continued

Other Retirement Plans - Continued

Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan:

In July 1998, the County adopted the Clinch County Money Purchase Plan, a defined contribution plan. The plan is an IRC Section 401(a)/457 Match Plan. Equitable Life Assurance Society sponsors the 401(a) portion of the Plan and the 457 plan. The plans are administered by Momentum Administrative Services.

Under the plan, all full-time permanent employees are eligible for participation. The County makes a base contribution to the 401(a) plan equal to 3% of each employee's salary. The employee may contribute up to 25% of their salary to the deferred compensation plan subject to an annual maximum of $8,000. For employees participating in the deferred compensation program, the County will make an additional matching contribution to the 401(a) plan equal to 50% of the employee's contribution up to a maximum of 6% of the employee's salary. The combined maximum contribution by the County is 6% of the employee's salary. During the year ended July 31, 2020, the plan members contributed $29,144 and the County contributed $58,783 to the plan.

The contributions to the 401(a) plan are 100% vested after 3 years of service. The 457 plan employee deferrals are 100% vested immediately. Employees may choose their own investments from among those offered by the Clinch County 401(a) / 457 Match Plan.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish and amend from time to time, the contribution rate for the County and its plan members.

Deferred Compensation Plan:

The Clinch County Board of Commissioners offers all Clinch County employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457, as part of the match plan described in Note 7. The assets of the plans were held in trust, (custodial account or annuity contract) as described in IRC Section 457 (g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof for the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The Administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in Clinch County, Georgia's financial statements.

Note 9 – Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits. Unused leave benefits will be paid to employees upon separation from County services. The General Fund pays for any used compensated absences during a fiscal year.

	Balance at July 31, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance at July 31, 2020	Amount Due In One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	$ 52,383	$ 45,086	$ 31,430	$ 66,039	$ 39,623
Total Primary Government	$ 52,383	$ 45,086	$ 31,430	$ 66,039	$ 39,623

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the County for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2020:

	Balance at July 31, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance at July 31, 2020	Amount Due In One Year
Governmental Activities					
Capital leases	$ 829,221	$ 109,942	$ 140,540	$ 798,623	$ 138,447
Total Governmental Activities	$ 829,221	$ 109,942	$ 140,540	$ 798,623	$ 138,447

The original issue date, interest rate and original issue amount for the County's long-term obligations are as follows:

	Purpose	Original Issue Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount	Maturity Date
Governmental Activities					
Capital Lease	Graders	2017	2.35%	$ 912,864	2021
Capital Lease	Bulldozer	2019	4.95%	$ 95,000	2022
Capital Lease	Dump Truck	2020	7.13%	$ 109,942	2022

The accumulated amortization on the motor graders, bulldozer and dump truck was $750,490 as of July 31, 2020. The FY20 amortization expense of $211,943 was included in the depreciation expense.

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements on long-term obligations:

	Governmental Activities	
	Capital Leases	
Year Ending July 31,	Principal	Interest
2021	138,447	23,386
2022	660,176	17,897
	$ 798,623	$ 41,283

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

There was no pending litigation, claims, or assessments against the County at July 31, 2020. In the opinion of County management, there were no unasserted claims or assessments that might have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

The County receives Federal and State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by Federal and State agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the Federal and State Governments for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of County management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Note 12 – Assignment

Georgia code section 48-8-91 requires local governments collecting local option sales tax to calculate a reduction of the local millage rate based on the prior year collections of the local option sales tax. The assignment of fund balance for property tax roll back, accounts for the annual collection of local option sales tax fund that will be used in the calculation for the next year's millage rate reduction.

Note 13 – Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds' expenditures/expenses exceeded appropriations:

	Expenditures/ Expenses Actual	Appropriations	Amount Exceeding Appropriations
Law Library Fund	$ 6,080	$ 1,980	$ 4,100
Sheriff Drug Fund	5,128	2,462	2,666

Note 14 – Restatement of FY2019 Net Position

	Governmental Funds
Net Position, Beginning of Year	$ 11,280,935
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation	(278,626)
Net Position, Restated	$ 11,002,309

Note 15 – Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) can be characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the organization. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel or meetings, (iv) the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.

The County has taken several measures to monitor and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 virus, such as safety and health measures for its people (such as social distancing and working from home). The County will continue to follow the various government policies and advice and, in parallel, the County will do its utmost to continue its operations in the best and safest way possible without jeopardizing the health of its people

Note 16 – Subsequent Event

Subsequent events were evaluated through July 7, 2021 which is the date of the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
	Original	Final	Actual	
REVENUES				
Taxes	$ 3,805,394	$ 3,805,394	4,531,955	$ 726,561
Licenses and permits	15,500	15,500	23,889	8,389
Intergovernmental revenues	138,392	138,392	141,221	2,829
Charges for services	638,647	638,647	558,764	(79,883)
Fines and forfeitures	100,000	100,000	72,183	(27,817)
Investment income	30,000	30,000	39,964	9,964
Miscellaneous	65,000	65,000	73,643	8,643
Total Revenues	$ 4,792,933	$ 4,792,933	$ 5,441,619	$ 648,686
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legislative and executive				
Commissioners' Office	257,853	257,853	255,280	$ (2,573)
Tax Assessor's Office	147,633	102,633	101,552	(1,081)
Tax Commissioner's Office	149,116	149,116	141,734	(7,382)
Elections	108,882	98,689	69,198	(29,491)
Non-Departmental	1,178,015	1,011,915	988,036	(23,879)
Total General Government	1,841,499	1,620,206	1,555,800	(64,406)
JUDICIAL				
Superior Court	60,927	60,927	35,222	(25,705)
Clerk of Courts	136,692	136,692	133,948	(2,744)
District Attorney	12,600	14,100	13,865	(235)
Juvenile Court	3,000	3,000	1,517	(1,483)
Public Defender	45,000	45,000	40,086	(4,914)
Probate Court	204,753	204,753	200,941	(3,812)
Total Judicial	462,972	464,472	425,579	(38,893)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Sheriff	538,622	514,400	514,369	(31)
Fire Protection	62,900	42,920	42,920	-
E-911 Service	140,000	140,000	140,000	-
Emergency Management Agency	27,873	27,400	27,373	(27)
Emergency Medical Services	181,850	186,100	186,076	(24)
Coroner Office	7,501	7,230	7,229	(1)
School Resource Officer	25,000	25,200	25,197	(3)
Jail	434,100	670,400	670,376	(24)
Total Public Safety	1,417,846	1,613,650	1,613,540	(110)

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PUBLIC WORKS				
Road Department	426,735	426,735	422,510	(4,225)
Solid Waste Management	281,701	281,701	276,370	(5,331)
Total Public Works	708,436	708,436	698,880	(9,556)
HEALTH AND WELFARE				
Public Health Services	65,718	76,977	76,976	(1)
Concerted Services	1,450	2,080	2,080	-
Department of Family and Children Services	21,900	21,900	21,900	-
Total Health and Welfare	89,068	100,957	100,956	(1)
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Recreation	60,000	63,500	63,410	(90)
Senior Center	98,399	99,699	90,692	(9,007)
Library	19,500	24,700	24,625	(75)
Total Culture and Recreation	177,899	187,899	178,727	(9,172)
HOUSING AND DEVELOPMENT				
Forestry	53,843	53,843	53,843	-
County Agent's Office	37,370	37,370	35,084	(2,286)
Building Inspections	4,000	6,100	6,062	(38)
Total Community Development	95,213	97,313	94,989	(2,324)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,792,933	4,792,933	4,668,471	(124,462)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	773,148	773,148
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	-	3,904,896	3,904,896
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 4,678,044	$ 4,678,044

See independent auditor's report.

Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Budgetary Basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual for the general and major special revenue funds are presented on the Budgetary Basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. Beginning fund balances were budgeted under the Budgetary Basis.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION PLAN
July 31, 2020

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability as of beginning of year	$ 1,214,173	$ 1,142,746	$ 1,105,754	$ 1,060,352	$ 996,075	$ 959,275
Service cost	5,381	6,494	5,601	4,849	4,586	5,709
Interest	84,992	82,849	80,167	79,526	74,706	71,946
Plan change	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assumption change	51,568	23,807	2,320	21,458	33,442	-
Benefit payments (adjusted for interest)	(60,494)	(61,013)	(52,988)	(40,855)	(40,855)	(40,855)
Experience (gain)/(loss)	(16,257)	19,290	1,892	(19,576)	(7,602)	-
Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2019	$ 1,279,363	$ 1,214,173	$ 1,142,746	$ 1,105,754	$ 1,060,352	$ 996,075
Fiduciary Net Position as of beginning of year	$ 934,222	$ 1,008,347	$ 881,644	$ 832,167	$ 829,120	$ 771,655
Employer contributions	58,783	58,138	47,680	48,138	48,837	51,997
Employee contributions (including buyback)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	196,682	(47,867)	142,736	57,011	6,199	57,823
Benefit payments	(58,448)	(58,879)	(51,134)	(39,378)	(39,378)	(39,378)
Employee contribution refunds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative expense	(16,517)	(6,009)	(5,249)	(8,623)	(5,184)	(4,969)
Other	(4,901)	(19,508)	(7,330)	(7,671)	(7,427)	(8,008)
Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2019	$ 1,109,821	$ 934,222	$ 1,008,347	$ 881,644	$ 832,167	$ 829,120
Net pension liability as of beginning of year	$ 279,951	$ 134,399	$ 224,110	$ 228,185	$ 166,955	$ 187,620
Net pension liability as of end of year	$ 169,542	$ 279,951	$ 134,399	$ 224,110	$ 228,185	$ 166,955
Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	86.7%	76.9%	88.2%	79.7%	78.5%	83.2%
Covered-employee payroll	$ 390,097	$ 430,376	$ 582,109	$ 557,006	$ 556,657	$ 539,741
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	43.5%	65.0%	23.1%	40.2%	41.0%	30.9%

Note: This schedule will present 10 years of information once the data is available.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION PLAN
July 31, 2020

Schedule of Contributions
Pension Plan
Years ended June 30th

	Contractually Required Contributions	Actual Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Percentage Contributed
2019	48,479	58,783	(10,304)	390,097	15.1%
2018	48,361	58,130	(9,769)	430,376	13.5%
2017	47,680	47,680	-	582,109	8.2%
2016	48,138	48,138	-	557,006	8.6%
2015	48,837	48,837	-	556,657	8.8%
2014	51,997	51,997	-	539,741	9.6%
2013	45,060	45,060	-	530,180	8.5%
2012	24,984	30,331	(5,347)	551,913	5.5%
2011	25,751	30,721	(4,970)	541,553	5.7%
2010	25,624	30,950	(5,326)	540,464	5.7%

Changes in Investment Plan

There have been no substantive investment policy changes since the last actuarial valuation.

Change in Assumptions and Plan Provisions

There have been no substantive changes since the last actuarial valution.

- The mortality table was changed from RP-2000 with Scale AA projected to 2018 to Pub-2010 GE (50%) & PS (50%) Amount Weighted with Scale AA to 2019.

Method and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Valuation date	January 1, 2019
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Salary increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement:	Probability of Retirement
age 55 to 60	10%
ages 61 to 64	20%
age 65 to age 69	30%
age 70	100%
Mortality	Pub-2010 GE (50%) & PS (50%) Amt-Weighted with Scale AA to 2019 (Pre-Retirement: Employee, Post-Retirement: Retiree)
Plan Freeze as of July 1, 1988:	All benefit accruals under this plan were frozen as of July 1, 1998.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

Public Roads Fund – To account for maintenance funds provided through the Georgia Department of Transportation Local Maintenance and Improvement Grants (LMIG) program.

Capital Projects 2015 Special Purpose Sales Tax Fund – To account for the special purpose local option sales tax that was approved by 2015 referendum. The revenue is restricted to the stated purposes of the referendum.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
PUBLIC ROADS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue	$ -	$ -	$ 498,501	$ 498,501
Investment income	2,500	2,500	3,043	543
TOTAL REVENUES	2,500	2,500	501,544	499,044
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public works	1,030,625	1,030,625	745,972	(284,653)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,030,625	1,030,625	745,972	(284,653)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,028,125)	(1,028,125)	(244,428)	783,697
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,028,125	1,028,125	1,007,159	(20,966)
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 762,731	$ 762,731

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
CAPITAL PROJECTS 2015 SPLOST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Taxes	$ 600,000	$ 625,489	$ 625,489	$ -
Investment income	400	400	732	332
TOTAL REVENUES	600,400	625,889	626,221	332
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety	100,542	100,542	30,542	(70,000)
Public works	291,655	319,535	97,378	(222,157)
Intergovernmental	306,996	306,996	320,038	13,042
Capital outlay	-	-	203,304	203,304
Debt service	-	-	161,834	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	699,193	727,073	813,096	(75,811)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(98,793)	(101,184)	(186,875)	76,143
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	109,942	109,942
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	109,942	109,942
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(98,793)	(101,184)	(76,933)	186,085
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	98,793	101,184	259,204	160,411
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 182,271	$ 346,496

See independent auditor's report.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Multiple Grant Fund – To account for funds received through various grants for a specific purpose.

Jail Fund – To account for accounts for fine income specified for jail operations and the revenue is restricted for those purposes.

Law Library Fund – To account for funds accessed with fines and designated for the maintenance of a law library

D.A.T.E. Fund – To account for fine income specified for drug addiction treatment and education.

Revolving Loan Fund. The Revolving Loan Fund accounts for financing of various projects with economic development impact to the citizens of Clinch County. The fund was established initially through federal and state grants.

Sheriff's Drug Fund – To account for funds received through drug seizures.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

Transportation Investment Act Special Purpose Sales Tax Fund – To account for the special purpose local option sales tax that was approved by 2019 referendum. The revenue is restricted to stated transportation improvements. Collections for the ten-year program began on October 1, 2019.

Community Development Block Grant Fund – To account for grant funds provided for improvements to infrastructure.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
July 31, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 312,187	$ 484,719	$ 796,906
Note receivable	11,905	-	11,905
Accounts receivable	410	-	410
Due from other governments	-	36,297	36,297
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 324,502	$ 521,016	$ 845,518
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	-	100	100
Accounts payable	8,928	1,736	10,664
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,928	1,836	10,764
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	-	519,180	519,180
Law library	7,365	-	7,365
Drug education and treatment	1,910	-	1,910
Economic development	260,805	-	260,805
Drug enforcement	25,224	-	25,224
Jail operations	14,277	-	14,277
Health and welfare	5,993	-	5,993
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	315,574	519,180	834,754
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	$ 324,502	$ 521,016	$ 845,518

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES			
Fines and forfeitures	$ 41,950	$ -	$ 41,950
Taxes	-	463,514	463,514
Investment income	3,001	1,311	4,312
Miscellaneous	1,000	-	1,000
TOTAL REVENUES	45,951	464,825	510,776
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Legislative and executive	1,000	-	1,000
Judicial	18,469	-	18,469
Public safety	30,761	-	30,761
Public works	-	283,589	283,589
Housing and development	40,475	-	40,475
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	90,705	283,589	374,294
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(44,754)	181,236	136,482
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	360,328	337,944	698,272
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	$ 315,574	$ 519,180	$ 834,754

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
July 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Multiple Grant Fund	Jail Fund	Law Library Fund	D.A.T.E. Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Sheriff's Drug Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash	$ 5,993	$ 20,957	$ 7,365	$ 3,748	$ 248,900	$ 25,224	$ 312,187
Note receivable	-	-	-	-	11,905	-	11,905
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	410	-	-	410
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 5,993	$ 20,957	$ 7,365	$ 4,158	$ 260,805	$ 25,224	$ 324,502
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	-	6,680	-	2,248	-	-	8,928
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	6,680	-	2,248	-	-	8,928
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Law library	-	-	7,365	-	-	-	7,365
Drug education and treatment	-	-	-	1,910	-	-	1,910
Economic development	-	-	-	-	260,805	-	260,805
Drug enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	25,224	25,224
Jail operations	-	14,277	-	-	-	-	14,277
Health and welfare	5,993	-	-	-	-	-	5,993
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,993	14,277	7,365	1,910	260,805	25,224	315,574
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	$ 5,993	$ 20,957	$ 7,365	$ 4,158	$ 260,805	$ 25,224	$ 324,502

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Multiple Grant Fund	Jail Fund	Law Library Fund	D.A.T.E. Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Sheriff's Drug Fund	Total
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	$ -	$ 24,573	$ 3,773	$ 12,605	$ -	$ 999	$ 41,950
Investment income	25	66	-	-	2,910	-	3,001
Miscellaneous	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
TOTAL REVENUES	1,025	24,639	3,773	12,605	2,910	999	45,951
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Legislative and executive	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
Judicial	-	-	6,080	12,389	-	-	18,469
Public safety	-	25,633	-	-	-	5,128	30,761
Housing and development	-	-	-	-	40,475	-	40,475
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,000	25,633	6,080	12,389	40,475	5,128	90,705
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	25	(994)	(2,307)	216	(37,565)	(4,129)	(44,754)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,968	15,271	9,672	1,694	298,370	29,353	360,328
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	$ 5,993	$ 14,277	$ 7,365	$ 1,910	$ 260,805	$ 25,224	$ 315,574

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
July 31, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds		
	T-SPLOST Fund	CDBG Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 484,619	$ 100	$ 484,719
Due from other governments	36,297	-	36,297
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 520,916	$ 100	$ 521,016
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	-	100	100
Accounts payable	1,736	-	1,736
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,736	100	1,836
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	519,180	-	519,180
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	519,180	-	519,180
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	$ 520,916	$ 100	$ 521,016

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds	
	T-SPLOST Fund	Total
REVENUES		
Taxes	$ 463,514	463,514
Investment income	1,311	1,311
TOTAL REVENUES	464,825	464,825
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Public works	283,589	283,589
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	283,589	283,589
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	181,236	181,236
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	337,944	337,944
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	$ 519,180	$ 519,180

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
MULTIPLE GRANT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Investment income	$ 22	$ 22	$ 25	$ 3
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
TOTAL REVENUES	1,022	1,022	1,025	3
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Legislative and executive	1,714	1,714	1,000	(714)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,714	1,714	1,000	(714)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(692)	(692)	25	717
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,005	6,005	5,968	(37)
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ 6,005	$ 6,005	$ 5,993	$ (37)

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
JAIL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	$ 20,125	$ 20,125	$ 24,573	$ 4,448
Investment income	15	15	66	51
TOTAL REVENUES	20,140	20,140	24,639	4,499
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	30,176	30,176	25,633	(4,543)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,176	30,176	25,633	(4,543)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,036)	(10,036)	(994)	9,042
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,036	10,036	15,271	5,235
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 14,277	$ 14,277

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
LAW LIBRARY FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	$ 4,640	$ 4,640	$ 3,773	$ (867)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,640	4,640	3,773	(867)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Judicial	1,980	1,980	6,080	4,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,980	1,980	6,080	4,100
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,660	2,660	(2,307)	(4,967)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,356	9,356	9,672	316
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ 12,016	$ 12,016	$ 7,365	$ (4,651)

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
D.A.T.E FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	$ 9,200	$ 12,605	$ 12,605	$ -
TOTAL REVENUES	9,200	12,605	12,605	-
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Judicial	9,200	12,605	12,389	(216)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,200	12,605	12,389	(216)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	216	216
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	-	1,694	1,694
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 1,910	$ 1,694

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
REVOLVING LOAN FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous income	$ 44,179	$ -	$ -	$ -
Investment income	4,423	4,423	2,910	(1,513)
TOTAL REVENUES	48,602	4,423	2,910	(1,513)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Housing and development	-	40,475	40,475	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	40,475	40,475	-
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	48,602	(36,052)	(37,565)	(1,513)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	127,334	127,334	298,370	171,036
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ 175,936	$ 91,282	$ 260,805	$ 169,523

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
SHERIFF'S DRUG FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	$ -	$ -	$ 999	$ 999
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	999	999
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	2,462	2,462	5,128	2,666
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,462	2,462	5,128	2,666
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,462)	(2,462)	(4,129)	(1,667)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	29,934	29,934	29,353	(581)
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ 27,472	$ 27,472	$ 25,224	$ (2,248)

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
T-SPLOST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Taxes	$ 414,000	$ 414,000	$ 463,514	$ 49,514
Investment income	150	150	1,311	1,161
TOTAL REVENUES	414,150	414,150	464,825	50,675
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public works	621,579	621,579	283,589	(337,990)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	621,579	621,579	283,589	(337,990)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(207,429)	(207,429)	181,236	388,665
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	207,429	207,429	337,944	130,515
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 519,180	$ 519,180

See independent auditor's report.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds.

Tax Commissioner - to account for the collection of property taxes, motor vehicle tax and title fees and mobile home fees, etc. which are disbursed to various taxing units.

Clerk of Superior Court - to account for the collection of various fines, forfeitures, jury fund receipts, real estate transfer taxes, recording of intangibles, fees, civil awards, etc. which are disbursed to other parties.

Magistrate Court - to account for the collection of fees in jurisdiction of small claims courts, which are disbursed to other parties.

Office of Sheriff - to account for collection of cash bonds, fines, forfeitures, etc. which are disbursed to other parties.

Probate Court - to account for the collection of fees for a probate of wills, administration of estates, issuance of marriage licenses and maintenance of other vital records which are disbursed to other parties.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
AGENCY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
July 31, 2020

	AGENCY FUNDS					
	TAX COMMISSIONER	PROBATE COURT	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT	OFFICE OF SHERIFF	MAGISTRATE COURT	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash	$ 290,026	$ 21,312	$ 59,135	$ 4,895	$ 17,887	$ 393,255
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 290,026	$ 21,312	$ 59,135	$ 4,895	$ 17,887	$ 393,255
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	$ 290,026	$ 21,312	$ 59,135	$ 4,895	$ 17,887	$ 393,255
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 290,026	$ 21,312	$ 59,135	$ 4,895	$ 17,887	$ 393,255
NET POSITION	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
AGENCY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

	Balance August 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance July 31, 2020
OFFICE OF TAX COMMISSIONER				
ASSETS				
Cash	$ 335,344	$ 12,205,703	$ 12,251,021	$ 290,026
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 335,344	$ 12,205,703	$ 12,251,021	$ 290,026
LIABILITIES				
Due to others	$ 335,344	$ 12,205,703	$ 12,251,021	$ 290,026
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 335,344	$ 12,205,703	$ 12,251,021	$ 290,026
PROBATE COURT				
ASSETS				
Cash	$ 17,039	$ 49,170	$ 44,897	$ 21,312
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 17,039	$ 49,170	$ 44,897	$ 21,312
LIABILITIES				
Due to others	$ 17,039	$ 49,170	$ 44,897	$ 21,312
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 17,039	$ 49,170	$ 44,897	$ 21,312
CLERK OF COURT				
ASSETS				
Cash	$ 51,302	$ 186,794	$ 178,961	$ 59,135
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 51,302	$ 186,794	$ 178,961	$ 59,135
LIABILITIES				
Due to others	$ 51,302	$ 186,794	$ 178,961	$ 59,135
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 51,302	$ 186,794	$ 178,961	$ 59,135

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
AGENCY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - CONTINUED
For the Year Ending July 31, 2020

		Balance August 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance July 31, 2020
OFFICE OF SHERIFF					
ASSETS					
Cash		$ 9,236	$ 31,676	$ 36,017	$ 4,895
	TOTAL ASSETS	$ 9,236	$ 31,676	$ 36,017	$ 4,895
LIABILITIES					
Due to others		$ 9,236	$ 31,676	$ 36,017	$ 4,895
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 9,236	$ 31,676	$ 36,017	$ 4,895
MAGISTRATE COURT					
ASSETS					
Cash		$ 18,152	$ 141,817	$ 142,082	$ 17,887
	TOTAL ASSETS	$ 18,152	$ 141,817	$ 142,082	$ 17,887
LIABILITIES					
Due to others		$ 18,152	$ 141,817	$ 142,082	$ 17,887
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 18,152	$ 141,817	$ 142,082	$ 17,887

See independent auditor's report.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FUNDED BY SPECIAL PURPOSE SALES TAX PROCEEDS
For the Year Ended July 31, 2020

	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
2015 SPLOST						
Roads, streets and bridge maintenance and equipment	$ 1,156,858	$ 1,156,858	$ 692,832	$ 369,154	$ 1,061,986	91.80%
Public safety vehicles, equipment and facilities	650,000	650,000	205,842	123,904	329,746	50.73%
City of Homerville	1,203,129	1,203,129	707,886	203,390	911,276	75.74%
Homerville Recreation Board	370,000	370,000	218,406	62,549	280,955	75.93%
City of Fargo	157,176	157,176	92,478	26,571	119,049	75.74%
City of Argyle	103,896	103,896	61,129	17,564	78,693	75.74%
City of DuPont	58,941	58,941	34,680	9,964	44,644	75.74%
Totals	$ 3,700,000	$ 3,700,000	$ 2,013,253	$ 813,096	$ 2,826,349	

See independent auditor's report.

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
REVOLVING LOAN FUND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2020

	Twelve Months Ended 7/31/2020
Balance Sheet	
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 248,900
Loans receivable	11,905
Total Assets	260,805
Total Liabilities	-
Fund Balance Reserved for Revolving Loans	260,805
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 260,805
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	
Revenues:	
Interest earned from bank accounts	$ 155
Interest earned from notes receivable	2,755
Total Revenues	2,910
Expenditures:	
Return of surplus funds to Department of Community Affairs	40,474
Total Expenditures	40,474
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	$ (37,564)
Statement of Sources and Uses of Funds	
Cash, Beginning of Period	$ 137,162
Sources of Funds:	
Principal received on notes receivable	149,302
Interest received on notes receivable	2,755
Interest received on bank accounts	155
Total Sources of Funds	152,212
Uses of Funds:	
Miscellaneous Expense	40,474
Total Uses of Funds	40,474
Cash, Ending of Period	$ 248,900

See independent auditor's report.

Henderson & Godbee, LLP
Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants
Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants • Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Commissioners
Clinch County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinch County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended July 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinch County, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 7, 2021. Our report included a reference to component auditors who audited the financial statements of the Clinch County Board of Health as described in our report on Clinch County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinch County, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clinch County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Henderson & Godbee, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
Valdosta, Georgia

July 7, 2021

CLINCH COUNTY, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Year Ended July 31, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting		
Material weakness identified?	_____ Yes	___X___ No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness?	_____ Yes	___X___ No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_____ Yes	___X___ No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Current Year Findings

There are no current year findings.

Prior Year Findings

The prior year finding was corrected.