

ECHOLS COUNTY
BOARD OF EDUCATION
STATENVILLE, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2018
(Including Independent Auditor's Reports)

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 22, 2020

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Echols County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Echols County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

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includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 and 13 to the financial statements, in 2018, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The School District restated beginning net position for the effect of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Echols County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

In fiscal year 2015, the School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards School District (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contribution Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. In the current fiscal year, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The adoption of these statements has a significant negative impact on the School District's government-wide financial statements. The School District's governmental financial statements have not been affected by implementation of GASB No. 68, GASB No. 71 or GASB No. 75.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. This standard directly impacts the School District's liabilities and unrestricted net position on the government-wide financial statements and resulted in significant changes in how the School District reflects its future responsibilities and liabilities to its employees. The current financial stability of the organization is not materially impacted by the adoption of this standard.

- Beginning net position was restated resulting in a decrease of $17.6 million for the implementation of GASB No. 75. This restatement is based on actuarial estimates and information is not available for the fiscal year 2017 comparative balances used throughout this discussion and analysis. See Note 13 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more information about the restatement of net position.

- In total, net position decreased by $7.3 million from fiscal year 2017. This decrease was due to governmental activities since the School District has no business-type activities and reflects the impact of reporting the School District's proportionate share of the post-employment liability for the School District.

- General revenues accounted for $3.6 million in revenue or 35.1 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions accounted for $6.7 million or 64.9 percent of total revenues. Total revenues were $10.3 million.

- The School District had $10.0 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only $6.7 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues, primarily taxes, of $3.6 million were adequate to provide for these programs.

- Among major funds, the general fund had $9.7 million in revenues and $9.4 million in expenditures. The general fund's balance decreased by 19.8 thousand.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Echols County Board of Education as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The *Governmental Funds* statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. In the case of the Echols County Board of Education, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While these documents contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2018?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include *all assets and all liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standard's Board's (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* – which will replace GASB Statement No. 45. This statement required the School District to restate fiscal year 2017 at transition (fiscal year 2018) through the recognition of a beginning net OPEB liability and a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its State Health Benefit Plan contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net OPEB liability.

The OPEB liability discloses the School District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability related to providing postemployment benefits to its employees. The School District participates in Georgia's State Health Benefit Plan. As a result of implementation of GASB No. 75, the School District is presenting a more significant deficit balance in unrestricted net position following fiscal year 2015's implementation of GASB No. 68 and GASB No.71. This is a reflection of the School District's future responsibility and liability to its employees for their health benefits when those employees retire. The School District makes the required contributions to the plan to ensure sufficient resources are available to make postemployment benefit payments.

Contributions to the OPEB plan fund current expenditures of the plan for active employees, current administrative fees, and a contribution into the OPEB plan for retirees. The contribution is determined by the Georgia State Health Benefit Plan administrators, not the School District.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflects the School District's governmental activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the *modified accrual method of accounting*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The School District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others, such as school clubs and organizations within the school activity accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2018 as compared to net position for fiscal year 2017.

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017(1)
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	$ 4,112,672	$ 3,572,980
Capital Assets, Net	14,705,776	15,093,095
Total Assets	18,818,448	18,666,075
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding	197,742	218,024
Related to Pension/OPEB Plans	1,545,191	2,141,569
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,742,933	2,359,593
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	1,176,287	1,038,352
Long-Term Liabilities	19,495,222	13,781,925
Total Liabilities	20,671,509	14,820,277
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to Pension/OPEB Plans	1,041,771	40,546
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,863,534	9,861,071
Restricted	920,918	812,135
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(11,936,351)	(4,508,361)
Total Net Position	$ (1,151,899)	$ 6,164,845

Total net position decreased $7.3 million.

(1) Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects on the restatement of net position. See Note 13 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018 as compared to fiscal year 2017.

Table 2
Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017(1)
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	$ 26,516	$ 30,143
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,627,106	6,401,406
Total Program Revenues	6,653,622	6,431,549
General Revenues:		
Taxes		
Property Taxes		
For Maintenance and Operations	2,028,065	1,910,843
For Debt Services	500,549	499,039
Railroad Cars	19,800	16,291
Sales Taxes		
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax		
For Capital Projects	127,835	107,059
Other Taxes	9,325	7,298
Grants and Contributions not		
Restricted to Specific Programs	596,862	534,626
Investment Earnings	14,944	7,293
Miscellaneous	300,050	229,770
Total General Revenues	3,597,430	3,312,219
Total Revenues	10,251,052	9,743,768
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	6,182,837	6,055,083
Support Services		
Pupil Services	323,576	338,364
Improvement of Instructional Services	123,396	223,602
Educational Media Services	134,583	121,937
General Administration	503,425	497,375
School Administration	647,724	617,039
Business Administration	9,870	116,974
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	790,609	705,619
Student Transportation Services	531,528	459,714
Central Support Services	11,051	10,262
Other Support Services	5,387	9,608
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		
Food Services	602,388	553,283
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	130,912	154,165
Total Expenses	9,997,286	9,863,025
Change in Net Position	$ 253,766	$ (119,257)

The change in net position increased from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018 by 373.0 thousand.

(1) Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects on the restatement of net position. See Note 13 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 61.8 percent of governmental program expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and by unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 (1)	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 (1)
Instruction	$ 6,182,837	$ 6,055,083	$ 1,709,259	$ 1,784,779
Support Services:				
Pupil Services	323,576	338,364	176,638	161,916
Improvement of Instructional Services	123,396	223,602	(29,048)	106,771
Educational Media Services	134,583	121,937	19,992	17,834
General Administration	503,425	497,375	116,114	136,696
School Administration	647,724	617,039	360,543	327,913
Business Administration	9,870	116,974	9,846	116,903
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	790,609	705,619	423,381	342,695
Student Transportation Services	531,528	459,714	360,531	278,079
Central Support Services	11,051	10,262	11,012	10,148
Other Support Services	5,387	9,608	5,177	9,460
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Services	602,388	553,283	49,307	(15,883)
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	130,912	154,165	130,912	154,165
Total Expenses	$ 9,997,286	$ 9,863,025	$ 3,343,664	$ 3,431,476

(1) Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects on the restatement of net position. See Note 13 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

Although program revenues make up 64.9 percent of the revenues, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. 27.6 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes, other general revenues, and beginning net position; for all governmental activities, general revenue and beginning net position support is 33.4 percent.

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues of $10.3 million and expenditures of $9.9 million. Total governmental funds had an increase in fund balance of $490.9 thousand.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District’s budget is prepared according to Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

The School District budget is adopted at the aggregate level but prepared and presented by fund, function, and object for management control.

For the general fund, the School District budgeted $541.1 thousand of expenditures in excess of revenues with the intent to use the beginning fund reserve to balance the budget. Actual revenues and other sources of $9.7 million exceeded the final budget by $491.4 thousand. This is due to increased tax revenues and the reporting of school activity funds.

Actual expenditures and other financing uses of $9.8 million were less than the final budget of $10.1 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the School District had $14.7 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, all in governmental activities. Table 4 shows balances for fiscal year 2018 as compared to balances for fiscal year 2017.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017
Land	$ 561,834	$ 561,834
Building and Improvements	13,257,519	13,571,537
Equipment	676,762	736,576
Land Improvements	209,661	223,148
Total	$ 14,705,776	$ 15,093,095

Debt

At June 30, 2018, the School District had $5.2 million in total debt outstanding. Table 5 shows balances for fiscal year 2018 as compared to balances for fiscal year 2017.

Table 5
Liabilities at June 30

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017
General Obligation Bonds	$ 4,800,000	$ 5,175,000
Bond Premiums Amortized	342,533	377,664
Compensated Absences	56,253	29,836
Total	$ 5,198,786	$ 5,582,500

CURRENT ISSUES

The following issues are expected to have a significant effect on the financial positions or results of operations:

- State and Local Economy – The State of Georgia economic conditions are improving since the General Assembly has eliminated austerity reductions at the end of the current fiscal year. The School District does anticipate financial challenges in the next few years due to increases for retirement and health insurance costs for employees. The School District is optimistic about the ability to maximize all of their financial resources to provide a quality education for the students in Echols County.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mrs. Rebecca Corbett at the Echols County Board of Education, 216 US Highway 129 North, Statenville, Georgia 31648. You may also email any questions to rcorbett@echols.k12.ga.us, or visit our website at www.echols.k12.ga.us.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "A"

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 3,085,632.25
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	216,145.02
State Government	679,975.00
Federal Government	84,923.50
Inventories	45,996.58
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	561,834.57
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	14,143,941.43
Total Assets	18,818,448.35
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Deferred Amounts on Refunding of Debt	197,742.30
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	1,267,029.00
Related to OPEB Plan	278,162.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,742,933.30
LIABILITIES	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,065,999.40
Interest Payable	33,068.31
Deposits and Unearned Revenue	77,220.00
Net Pension Liability	7,000,714.00
Net OPEB Liability	7,295,722.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	204,942.66
Due in More Than One Year	4,993,843.38
Total Liabilities	20,671,509.75
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	362,870.00
Related to OPEB Plan	678,901.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,041,771.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,863,533.98
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	48,743.39
Debt Service	171,675.81
Capital Projects	700,498.99
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(11,936,351.27)
Total Net Position	$ (1,151,899.10)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "B"

	EXPENSES	PROGRAM REVENUES: CHARGES FOR SERVICES	PROGRAM REVENUES: OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Instruction	$ 6,182,837.34	$ 9,288.18	$ 4,464,290.04	$ (1,709,259.12)
Support Services				
Pupil Services	323,576.23	-	146,938.49	(176,637.74)
Improvement of Instructional Services	123,395.79	-	152,444.00	29,048.21
Educational Media Services	134,583.41	-	114,591.00	(19,992.41)
General Administration	503,424.99	-	387,311.08	(116,113.91)
School Administration	647,724.42	-	287,181.11	(360,543.31)
Business Administration	9,869.69	-	23.62	(9,846.07)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	790,608.98	-	367,227.68	(423,381.30)
Student Transportation Services	531,528.22	-	170,997.12	(360,531.10)
Central Support Services	11,050.58	-	38.65	(11,011.93)
Other Support Services	5,386.87	-	210.17	(5,176.70)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Services	602,388.14	17,228.14	535,852.90	(49,307.10)
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	130,911.80	-	-	(130,911.80)
Total Governmental Activities	$ 9,997,286.46	$ 26,516.32	$ 6,627,105.86	(3,343,664.28)
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations				2,028,064.90
For Debt Service				500,549.56
Railroad Cars				19,799.59
Sales Taxes				
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Capital Projects				127,835.12
Other Sales Tax				9,325.14
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs				596,862.00
Investment Earnings				14,943.70
Miscellaneous				300,050.18
Total General Revenues				3,597,430.19
Change in Net Position				253,765.91
Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)				(1,405,665.01)
Net Position - End of Year				$ (1,151,899.10)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "C"

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 1,831,889.72	$ 1,086,688.03	$ 167,054.50	$ 3,085,632.25
Accounts Receivable, Net				
Taxes	164,644.44	13,810.96	37,689.62	216,145.02
State Government	679,975.00	-	-	679,975.00
Federal Government	84,923.50	-	-	84,923.50
Inventories	45,996.58	-	-	45,996.58
Total Assets	$ 2,807,429.24	$ 1,100,498.99	$ 204,744.12	$ 4,112,672.35
LIABILITIES				
Salaries and Benefits Payable	$ 1,065,999.40	$ -	$ -	$ 1,065,999.40
Deposits and Unearned Revenue	77,220.00	-	-	77,220.00
Total Liabilities	1,143,219.40	-	-	1,143,219.40
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	45,996.58	-	-	45,996.58
Restricted	2,746.81	700,498.99	204,744.12	907,989.92
Committed	149,637.00	-	-	149,637.00
Assigned	61,343.60	400,000.00	-	461,343.60
Unassigned	1,404,485.85	-	-	1,404,485.85
Total Fund Balances	1,664,209.84	1,100,498.99	204,744.12	2,969,452.95
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	$ 2,807,429.24	$ 1,100,498.99	$ 204,744.12	$ 4,112,672.35

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "D"

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		$ 2,969,452.95
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	$ 561,834.57	
Buildings and improvements	17,484,927.14	
Equipment	1,615,697.82	
Land improvements	318,301.00	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,274,984.53)	14,705,776.00
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	$ (7,000,714.00)	
Net OPEB Liability	(7,295,722.00)	(14,296,436.00)
Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and are therefore not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt.		197,742.30
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions	$ 904,159.00	
Related to OPEB	(400,739.00)	503,420.00
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable	$ (4,800,000.00)	
Accrued interest	(33,068.31)	
Capital leases payable	(56,252.94)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(342,533.10)	(5,231,854.35)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		$ (1,151,899.10)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	$ 2,140,600.31	$ -	$ 500,549.56	$ 2,641,149.87
Sales Taxes	9,325.14	127,835.12	-	137,160.26
State Funds	5,930,746.90	-	-	5,930,746.90
Federal Funds	1,297,212.46	-	-	1,297,212.46
Charges for Services	26,516.32	-	-	26,516.32
Investment Earnings	9,382.11	5,561.59	-	14,943.70
Miscellaneous	300,050.18	-	-	300,050.18
Total Revenues	9,713,833.42	133,396.71	500,549.56	10,347,779.69
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	5,757,227.42	-	-	5,757,227.42
Support Services				
Pupil Services	319,119.75	-	-	319,119.75
Improvement of Instructional Services	122,140.30	-	-	122,140.30
Educational Media Services	131,866.29	-	-	131,866.29
General Administration	538,199.13	-	-	538,199.13
School Administration	639,023.92	-	-	639,023.92
Business Administration	6,753.00	-	-	6,753.00
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	789,367.58	-	-	789,367.58
Student Transportation Services	462,372.78	-	-	462,372.78
Central Support Services	11,050.58	-	-	11,050.58
Other Support Services	5,386.87	-	-	5,386.87
Food Services Operation	575,644.04	-	-	575,644.04
Capital Outlay	-	790.50	-	790.50
Debt Services				
Principal	15,810.74	-	375,000.00	390,810.74
Interest	1,894.57	-	147,463.75	149,358.32
Total Expenditures	9,375,856.97	790.50	522,463.75	9,899,111.22
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	337,976.45	132,606.21	(21,914.19)	448,668.47
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital Leases	42,227.95	-	-	42,227.95
Transfer in	-	400,000.00	-	400,000.00
Transfer out	(400,000.00)	-	-	(400,000.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(357,772.05)	400,000.00	-	42,227.95
Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,795.60)	532,606.21	(21,914.19)	490,896.42
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,684,005.44	567,892.78	226,658.31	2,478,556.53
Fund Balances - Ending	$ 1,664,209.84	$ 1,100,498.99	$ 204,744.12	$ 2,969,452.95

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "F"

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		$ 490,896.42
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	$ 55,768.00	
Depreciation expense	(432,468.00)	(376,700.00)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.		(10,619.00)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(92,735.82)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital leases issued	$ (42,227.95)	
Bond principal retirements	375,000.00	
Amortization of bond premium	35,131.60	
Amortization of loss on refunding	(20,281.26)	
Capital lease payments	15,810.74	363,433.13
District pension and OPEB liabilities contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension and OPEB liability is measured a year before the School District's report date. Pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension expense	$ 1,846.00	
OPEB Expense	(125,951.00)	(124,105.00)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Accrued interest on issuance of bonds		3,596.18
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		$ 253,765.91

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "G"

	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 28,098.02
LIABILITIES	
Funds Held for Others	$ 28,098.02

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Echols County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
2. Restricted net position consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

- Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the School District's financial statements. As noted in the Restatement of Net Position note disclosure, the School District restated beginning net position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	Any amount	N/A
Land Improvements	$ 10,000.00	15 to 60 years
Buildings and Improvements	$ 10,000.00	up to 100 years
Equipment	$ 10,000.00	5 to 30 years
Intangible Assets	$ 10,000.00	15 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Echols County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2017 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 18, 2017 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2017. Taxes were due on December 20, 2017 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2017 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2018. The Echols County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, for maintenance and operations amounted to $1,999,643.06 and for school bonds amounted to $475,754.27.

The tax millage rates levied for the 2017 tax year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals $1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	15.504 mills
School Bonds	4.135 mills
	19.639 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to $145,952.95 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to $127,835.12 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (Principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

(1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,

(2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,

(3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,

(4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,

(5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,

(6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and

(7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of $2,241,671.77, and a bank balance of $2,538,173.37. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were $250,000.00.

At June 30, 2018, $2,288,173.37 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk and included in the State's Secure Deposit Program.

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered Deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased to amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the type of eligible collateral. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository's collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	$	3,085,632.25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		28,098.02
Total cash and cash equivalents		3,113,730.27
Less:		
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
Georgia Fund 1		872,058.50
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2018	$	2,241,671.77

CATEGORIZATION OF CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District reported cash equivalents of $872,058.50 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, $1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2018, was 10 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	$ 561,834.57	$ -	$ -	$ 561,834.57
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	17,484,927.14	-	-	17,484,927.14
Equipment	1,573,469.82	42,228.00	-	1,615,697.82
Land Improvements	320,689.00	13,540.00	15,928.00	318,301.00
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	3,913,390.25	314,018.00	-	4,227,408.25
Equipment	836,893.83	102,042.00	-	938,935.83
Land Improvements	97,541.45	16,408.00	5,309.00	108,640.45
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	14,531,260.43	(376,700.00)	10,619.00	14,143,941.43
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	$ 15,093,095.00	$ (376,700.00)	$ 10,619.00	$ 14,705,776.00

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		$ 341,231.00
Support Services		
Business Administration	$ 3,111.00	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	733.00	
Student Transportation Services	66,096.00	69,940.00
Food Services		21,297.00
		$ 432,468.00

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Transfers to	Transfers From General Fund
Capital Projects Fund	$ 400,000.00

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as supplemental funding source for capital projects.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	$ 5,175,000.00	$ -	$ 375,000.00	$ 4,800,000.00	$ 155,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premiums	377,664.70	-	35,131.60	342,533.10	35,131.60
Capital Leases	29,835.73	42,227.95	15,810.74	56,252.94	14,811.06
	$ 5,582,500.43	$ 42,227.95	$ 425,942.34	$ 5,198,786.04	$ 204,942.66

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Government - Refunding - Series 2016	2.858%	10/18/2016	4/1/2028	$ 4,800,000.00	$ 4,800,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	General Obligation Debt		Unamortized Bond
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest	Premium
2019	$ 155,000.00	$ 133,000.00	$ 35,131.60
2020	450,000.00	129,900.00	35,131.60
2021	465,000.00	120,900.00	35,131.60
2022	480,000.00	106,950.00	35,131.60
2023	495,000.00	92,550.00	35,131.60
2024 - 2028	2,755,000.00	253,650.00	166,875.10
Total Principal and Interest	$ 4,800,000.00	$ 836,950.00	$ 342,533.10

CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The following assets were acquired through capital leases and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	Governmental Activities
Equipment	80,198.11
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	5,908.00
	$ 74,290.11

During the current fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment at a cost of $42,227.95 with a down payment of $9,025.88. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Lease of Equipment	6.35%	5/19/2017	5/19/2021	$ 37,970.16	$ 23,050.87
Lease of Equipment	5.95%	7/17/2017	7/17/2021	42,227.95	33,202.07
				$ 80,198.11	$ 56,252.94

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest
2019	$ 14,811.06	$ 3,439.25
2020	15,721.18	2,529.13
2021	16,687.36	1,562.95
2022	9,033.34	537.54
Total Principal and Interest	$ 56,252.94	$ 8,068.87

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of $1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of $2.0 million. The Trust covers the first $1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a $2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides $2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 110% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning of Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	End of Year Liability
2017	$ -	$ 3,006.62	$ 3,006.62	$ -
2018	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	Amount
Superintendent	$ 100,000.00

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2018:

Nonspendable		
Inventories		$ 45,996.58
Restricted		
Continuation of Federal Programs	$ 2,746.81	
Capital Projects	700,498.99	
Debt Service	204,744.12	907,989.92
Committed		
Bus Replacement	$ 140,537.00	
Auditorium Renovation Design	9,100.00	149,637.00
Assigned		
Local Capital Outlay Projects	$ 400,000.00	
School Activity Accounts	61,343.60	461,343.60
Unassigned		1,404,485.85
Fund Balance, June 30, 2018		$ 2,969,452.95

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were $276,028.00 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of $7,295,722.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District's proportion was 0.051927%, which was a decrease of 0.000982% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of $401,979.00. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPEB	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions	$ -	$ 555,550.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	2,134.00	-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	123,351.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	276,028.00	-
Total	$ 278,162.00	$ 678,901.00

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of $276,028.00 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB
2019	$ (121,571.00)
2020	$ (121,571.00)
2021	$ (121,571.00)
2022	$ (121,571.00)
2023	$ (122,104.00)
2024	$ (68,379.00)

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	
ERS	3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation
JRS	4.50%, including inflation
LRS	None
TRS	3.25 — 9.00%, including inflation
PSERS	N/A
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.75%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For ERS, JRS and LRS members: The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years or both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change of assumption that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation. In addition, the discount rate increased from 3.07% to 3.58%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Local Government Investment Pool	100.00%	1.13%

*Rate shown is net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.58%)	Current Discount Rate (3.58%)	1% Increase (4.58%)
Net OPEB Liability	$ 8,662,363.00	$ 7,295,772.00	$ 6,217,166.00

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	$ 6,047,323.00	$ 7,295,722.00	$ 8,921,137.00

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the *O.C.G.A.* assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual School District payroll, of which 16.46% of payroll was required from the School District and .35% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were $752,180.00 and $15,449.50 from the School District and the State, respectively.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of $14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute $4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute $10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was $11,714.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of $7,000,714.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$	7,000,714.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District		180,277.00
Total	$	7,180,991.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.037668%, which was a decrease of 0.002075% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is $57,181.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of $761,997.00 for TRS and $11,524.00 for PSERS and revenue of $11,648.00 for TRS and $11,524.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 261,870.00	$ 26,420.00
Changes of assumptions	153,464.00	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	48,177.00
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	99,515.00	288,273.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	752,180.00	-
Total	$ 1,267,029.00	$ 362,870.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of $752,180.00 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS
2019	$ (61,909.00)
2020	$ 334,788.00
2021	$ 129,656.00
2022	$ (247,761.00)
2023	$ (2,795.00)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative	-	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

* Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 11,488,993.00	$ 7,000,714.00	$ 3,303,381.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publically available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

In January 1982, the Echols County Board of Education began an employer paid 403(b) annuity plan for the group of employees covered under the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) and Teachers Retirement System (TRS). The Board then decided to supplement the retirement of these groups at 7.5 percent and 5.24 percent, respectively.

The Board selected VALIC and Equitable (AXA) as the providers of this plan.

The employee becomes vested in the plan with the beginning of employment and individuals who were employed at the time the plan was implemented were vested upon enrollment.

Funds accumulated in the employer paid accounts are only available to the employee upon termination of employment.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	Required Contribution
2018	100%	$ 256,789.63
2017	100%	$ 246,891.53
2016	100%	$ 249,865.34

NOTE 13: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2018, the School District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements," which require the restatement of the June 30, 2017, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at July 1, 2017 of $7,570,510.00. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Net Position, July 1, 2017 as previously reported	$	6,164,844.99
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75: Net OPEB Liability (measurement date)		(7,841,265.00)
Deferred Outflows - School District's Contributions made during fiscal year 2017		270,755.00
Net Position, July 1, 2017, as restated	$	(1,405,665.01)

NOTE 14: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During the year under review, the School District conducted business with one related party, Paul King Repairs. Paul King Repairs is owned by the spouse of an Assistant Superintendent. The amount paid in current year to this vendor, using the School District's Board approved purchasing policy and procedures, totaled $24,155.00.

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SCHEDULE "1"

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.037668%	$ 7,000,714.00	$ 180,277.00	$ 7,180,991.00	$ 4,436,455.40	157.80%	79.33%
2017	0.039743%	$ 8,199,424.00	$ 248,399.00	$ 8,447,823.00	$ 4,491,521.98	182.55%	76.06%
2016	0.039520%	$ 6,016,528.00	$ 176,903.00	$ 6,193,431.00	$ 4,303,644.64	139.80%	81.44%
2015	0.039041%	$ 4,932,315.00	$ 151,857.00	$ 5,084,172.00	$ 4,105,550.03	120.14%	84.03%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SCHEDULE "2"

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.00%	$ -	$ 57,181.00	$ 57,181.00	$ 121,117.52	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	$ -	$ 86,510.00	$ 86,510.00	$ 99,962.63	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	$ -	$ 52,014.00	$ 52,014.00	$ 109,364.35	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	$ -	$ 44,930.00	$ 44,930.00	$ 105,160.45	N/A	88.29%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
SCHOOL OPEB FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SCHEDULE "3"

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2018	0.051927%	$ 7,295,722.00	$ -	$ 7,295,722.00	$ 3,691,446.87	197.64%	1.61%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2018	$ 752,180.00	$ 752,180.00	$ -	$ 4,569,837.49	16.46%
2017	$ 617,188.00	$ 617,188.00	$ -	$ 4,436,455.40	13.91%
2016	$ 622,565.00	$ 622,565.00	$ -	$ 4,491,521.98	13.86%
2015	$ 549,804.87	$ 549,804.87	$ -	$ 4,303,644.64	12.78%

The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL OPEB FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SCHEDULE "5"

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2018	$ 276,028.00	$ 276,028.00	$ -	$ 3,844,559.96	7.18%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: In June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes in assumptions: In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location. Additionally, there were changes to the discount rate and an increase in the investment rate of return due to a longer-term investment strategy.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	$ 1,952,414.00	$ 1,952,414.00	$ 2,140,600.31	$ 188,186.31
Sales Taxes	6,000.00	6,000.00	9,325.14	3,325.14
State Funds	5,700,023.21	5,890,181.97	5,930,746.90	40,564.93
Federal Funds	502,000.00	1,342,045.00	1,297,212.46	(44,832.54)
Charges for Services	32,000.00	32,000.00	26,516.32	(5,483.68)
Investment Earnings	3,000.00	3,000.00	9,382.11	6,382.11
Miscellaneous	39,000.00	39,000.00	300,050.18	261,050.18
Total Revenues	8,234,437.21	9,264,640.97	9,713,833.42	449,192.45
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	5,504,459.21	6,132,620.97	5,757,227.42	375,393.55
Support Services				
Pupil Services	243,789.00	327,588.00	319,119.75	8,468.25
Improvement of Instructional Services	44,322.00	147,877.00	122,140.30	25,736.70
Educational Media Services	133,897.00	133,897.00	131,866.29	2,030.71
General Administration	534,039.00	534,359.00	538,199.13	(3,840.13)
School Administration	552,829.00	537,119.00	639,023.92	(101,904.92)
Business Administration	6,753.00	6,753.00	6,753.00	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	827,679.00	864,471.00	789,367.58	75,103.42
Student Transportation Services	504,701.00	517,222.00	462,372.78	54,849.22
Central Support Services	12,225.00	12,225.00	11,050.58	1,174.42
Other Support Services	4,100.00	4,292.00	5,386.87	(1,094.87)
Food Services Operation	587,325.00	587,325.00	575,644.04	11,680.96
Debt Service				-
Principal	-	-	15,810.74	(15,810.74)
Interest	-	-	1,894.57	(1,894.57)
Total Expenditures	8,956,118.21	9,805,748.97	9,375,856.97	429,892.00
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(721,681.00)	(541,108.00)	337,976.45	879,084.45
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating Transfers to Other funds	-	(250,000.00)	(400,000.00)	(150,000.00)
Capital Leases	-	-	42,227.95	42,227.95
Other Sources	500.00	500.00	-	(500.00)
Total Other Financiering Sources (Uses)	500.00	(249,500.00)	(357,772.05)	(108,272.05)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(721,181.00)	(790,608.00)	(19,795.60)	770,812.40
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,684,005.44	1,684,005.44	1,684,005.44	-
Adjustments	-	10,081.51	-	(10,081.51)
Fund Balances - Ending	$ 962,824.44	$ 903,478.95	$ 1,664,209.84	$ 760,730.89

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are $206,031.41 and $187,942.03, respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099	$ 117,728.42
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	398,053.04
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			515,781.46
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	185GA350N8103	4,018.80
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	185GA324L1603	18,785.81
Total Other Programs			22,804.61
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			538,586.07
Education, U.S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	8,088.00
Grants to States	84.027	H027A170073	148,151.11
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A160081	273.00
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170081	6,109.64
Total Special Education Cluster			162,621.75
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010	9,529.00
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	S365A160010	2,530.00
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	S365A170010	18,765.45
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A160011	25,000.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A170011	146,837.81
Rural Education	84.358	S365B170010	13,993.11
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011	9,386.83
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	30,814.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	23,034.80
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	10,209.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010	328,645.43
Total Other Programs			618,745.43
Total U. S. Department of Education			781,367.18
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			$ 1,319,953.25

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Echols County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

AGENCY/FUNDING	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE GENERAL FUND
GRANTS	
Bright From the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	$ 183,570.50
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	182,661.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	202,574.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	484,378.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	388,218.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	249,973.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	341,934.00
Middle School (6-8) Program	512,351.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program	394,264.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	217,860.00
Students with Disabilities	421,308.00
Gifted Student - Category VI	74,227.00
Remedial Education Program	76,664.00
Alternative Education Program	39,225.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	239,689.00
Media Center Program	99,885.00
20 Days Additional Instruction	30,746.00
Staff and Professional Development	17,310.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development	547.00
Indirect Cost	
Central Administration	334,602.00
School Administration	254,551.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations	220,059.00
Amended Formula Adjustment	(78,704.00)
Categorical Grants	
Pupil Transportation	
Regular	139,381.00
Nursing Services	45,000.00
Sparsity	154,317.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant	596,862.00
Other State Programs	
Food Services	13,910.00
Math and Science Supplements	4,290.47
Preschool Disability Services	5,137.32
Teachers Retirement	15,449.50
Vocational Education	45,314.18
Vocational Supervisors	8,252.00
Governor's Office of Planning and Budget	
Georgia Emergency Management Agency	3,226.93
Office of the State Treasurer	
Public School Employees Retirement	11,714.00
	$ 5,930,746.90

See notes to the basic financial statements.

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SCHEDULE "10"

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful and desirable therewith; making system-wide technology improvements; acquiring new school equipment; acquiring new school buses and vehicles; and acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real and personal, which has an extended useful life.	$ 493,515.82	$ 584,511.84	$ 790.50	$ 21,820.00	$ -	$ -	12/31/2019
Repaying principal and interest of Echols County School District outstanding General Obligation Bonds for the new K-8 school.	1,006,484.18	915,488.16	147,463.75	411,399.30	-	-	12/31/2019
	$ 1,500,000.00	$ 1,500,000.00	$ 148,254.25	$ 433,219.30	$ -	$ -	

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Echols County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

See notes to the basic financial statements.

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SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 22, 2020

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Echols County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Echols County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 22, 2020

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Echols County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Echols County Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
AUDITEE'S RESPONSE
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

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SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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ECHOLS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue:
Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information — Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:
- Material weakness identified? — No
- Significant deficiency identified? — None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: — No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:
- Material weakness identified? — No
- Significant deficiency identified? — None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:
All major programs — Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? — No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: $750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? — No

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.