

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE
BOARD OF EDUCATION
WALTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2017
(Including Independent Auditor's Reports)

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

		Page
	SECTION I	
	FINANCIAL	
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i
	EXHIBITS	
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
A	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
B	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
C	BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
D	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	5
E	STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	6
F	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	7
G	STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS	8
H	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
	SCHEDULES	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
1	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	31
2	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	32
3	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	33
4	NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	34
5	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND	35

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

Page

SECTION I

FINANCIAL

SCHEDULES

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

6	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	36
7	SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE	37
8	SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS	39

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156

Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

GREG S. GRIFFIN
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 8, 2019

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Social Circle Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Social Circle Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

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includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2017, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. *77*, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions to Retirement Systems, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual as presented on pages i through ix, and pages 31 through 35, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

INTRODUCTION

The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City of Social Circle Board of Education's (the School District) financial performance as a whole. The reader should review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance. The School District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 includes a series of basic financial statements that report financial information for the School District as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide financial information about all of the School District's activities and present both a short-term and long-term view of the School District's finances. The fund financial statements provide information about all of the School District's funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

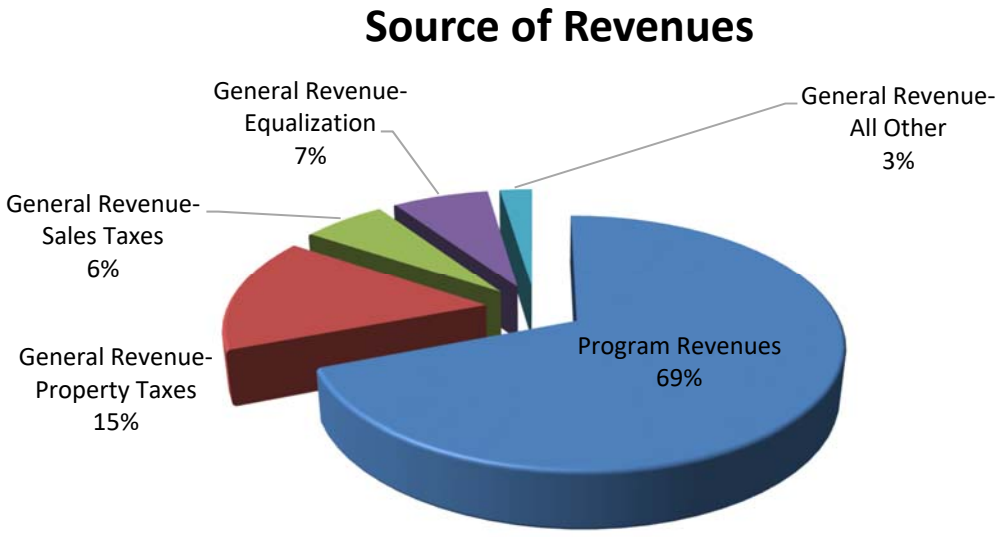
Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

On the government-wide financial statements:

- Government-wide net position at June 30, 2017 was approximately $23.2 million. Net position reflects the difference between all assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District (including capital assets, net of depreciation) and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position at June 30, 2017 of $23.2 million represented approximately no change when compared to the prior year.

- The School District had approximately $18.6 million in expenses relating to governmental activities; only $12.9 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions. However, the general revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of approximately $5.8 provided additional funding of these expenses.

- As stated above, general revenues accounted for $5.8 million or about 31% of all revenues totaling approximately $18.7 million. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating and capital grants, and contributions accounted for $12.9 million or about 69% of total revenues.



On the fund financial statements:

- Among major funds, the general fund had approximately $17.6 million in revenues and $16.8 million in expenditures. The general fund balance of approximately $5.9 million at June 30, 2017 increased by approximately $0.7 million from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the 'Statement of Net Position' and 'Statement of Activities'. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The 'Governmental Funds' statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The 'Fiduciary Funds' statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. In the case of the City of Social Circle School District, the general fund and capital projects fund are both considered to be major funds. The School District has no non-major funds as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for purposes of this report.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

Since the City of Social Circle School District has no operations that have been classified as "Business Activities", the government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of the entire School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question, are we in a better financial position now than last year? The 'Statement of Net Position' and the 'Statement of Activities' provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all of the School District's assets and liabilities and uses the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and any changes in those assets. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the results of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs, student-teacher ratios, and other factors.

When analyzing government-wide financial statements, it is important to remember these statements are prepared using an economic resources measurement focus (accrual accounting) and involve the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets
- Depreciate capital assets
- Report long-term debt as a liability
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting
- Allocate net position as follows:

    - *Net Investment in Capital Assets*
    - *Restricted net position* is that with constraints placed on the use by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations.
    - *Unrestricted net position* is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District uses many funds or sub-funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the fiscal year. The fund financial statements presented in this report provide detail information about the School District's significant or major funds. As discussed previously, the School District has no non-major funds as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

The School District has two kinds of funds as discussed below:

Governmental Funds – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to clubs, organizations and others within the principals' accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position, which is the difference between total assets and total liabilities, is one indicator of the financial condition of the School District. When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses can be thought of as the School District's operating results. The School District's net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, can be one way to measure the School District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the School

District's goal and mission is to provide success for each child's education, not to generate profits as private corporations do. For this reason, many other non-financial factors should be considered in assessing the overall health of the School District.

In the case of the City of Social Circle School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately $23.2 million at June 30, 2017. To better understand the School District's actual financial position and ability to deliver services in future periods, it is necessary to review the various components of the net position category. For example, of the $23.2 million of net position, about $2.6 million was restricted for continuation of federal programs, debt service and ongoing capital projects. Accordingly, these funds were not available to meet the School District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

In addition, the School District had over $29.3 million (net of related debt) invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment). The School District uses these capital assets to provide educational services to students within geographic boundaries served by the School District. Because of the very nature and ongoing use of the assets being reported in this component of net position, it must be recognized that this portion of the net position is not available for future spending.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of approximately ($8.8) million is an increase from the prior year of approximately $0.02 million.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	$ 8,624,113	$ 7,669,426
Capital Assets, Net	31,353,349	31,774,776
Total Assets	39,977,462	39,444,202
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	4,479,148	1,791,929
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	1,848,701	1,961,024
Long-Term Liabilities	2,274,197	2,207,232
Net Pension Liability	16,665,815	12,645,821
Total Liabilities	20,788,713	16,814,077
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	501,953	1,325,438
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,330,156	29,740,409
Restricted	2,621,102	2,166,977
Unrestricted	(8,785,314)	(8,810,770)
Total Net Position	$ 23,165,944	$ 23,096,616

Total net position increased by about $0.07 million in fiscal year 2017 from the prior year.

Table 2 also shows the changes in net position as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 2
Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	$ 2,028,731	$ 1,735,637
Operating Grants and Contributions	10,839,452	10,320,146
Capital Grants and Contributions	60,554	108,000
Total Program Revenues	12,928,737	12,163,783
General Revenues:		
Taxes		
Property Taxes	2,844,980	2,890,665
Sales Taxes	1,149,008	1,103,753
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,326,281	1,241,494
Investment Earnings	78,119	73,806
Miscellaneous	365,791	316,414
Total General Revenues	5,764,179	5,626,132
Total Revenues	18,692,916	17,789,915
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	11,286,808	10,260,892
Support Services		
Pupil Services	559,545	493,004
Improvement of Instructional Services	608,365	641,020
Educational Media Services	398,059	361,856
General Administration	760,117	636,870
School Administration	1,288,460	1,243,325
Business Administration	194,262	158,866
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,561,024	1,376,043
Student Transportation Services	785,069	750,344
Central Support Services	511	-
Other Support Services	161,292	186,090
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		
Enterprise Operations	179,234	166,280
Food Services	831,744	873,502
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	9,098	2,421
Total Expenses	18,623,588	17,150,513
Increase in Net Position	$ 69,328	$ 639,402

Cost of Providing Services

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Instruction	$ 11,286,808	$ 10,260,892	$ 1,740,051	$ 1,479,481
Support Services:				
Pupil Services	559,545	493,004	458,195	400,245
Improvement of Instructional Services	608,365	641,020	223,750	255,593
Educational Media Services	398,059	361,856	185,285	148,609
General Administration	760,117	636,870	264,826	138,902
School Administration	1,288,460	1,243,325	708,874	658,127
Business Administration	194,262	158,866	194,262	158,866
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,561,024	1,376,043	1,044,236	881,929
Student Transportation Services	785,069	750,344	584,768	558,930
Central Support Services	511	-	-	-
Other Support Services	161,292	186,090	84,571	79,893
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:				
Enterprise Operations	179,234	166,280	93,250	85,411
Food Services	831,744	873,502	103,684	138,323
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	9,098	2,421	9,098	2,421
Total Expenses	$ 18,623,588	$ 17,150,513	$ 5,694,850	$ 4,986,730

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the School District's governmental funds is presented starting on Exhibit "C" of this report. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues over $18.7 million and total expenditures over $17.8 million in fiscal year 2017. Total governmental fund balances of approximately $6.7 million at June 30, 2017, increased approximately $1.1 million from the prior year.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2017, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

The School District budget is adopted at the aggregate level and maintained at the program, function, object, and site levels to facilitate budgetary control. The budgeting systems are designed to control the total budget, but provide flexibility to meet the ongoing programmatic needs. The budgeting systems are also designed to control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management as well.

For the general fund, the final actual revenues of about $17.6 million were more than the final budget amount of about $16.6 million by approximately $1.0 million. This can be attributed to the increase in state funding.

The general fund's final actual expenditures of over $16.8 million were less than the final budget amount of over $17.7 by approximately $0.9 million. The School District believes it effectively managed its budget during the fiscal year. Additionally, the School District did include revenues and expenditures for school activity accounts in the final budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the School District had approximately $31.4 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, all in governmental activities. These assets are made up of a broad range of items, including buildings; land and land improvements; food service, transportation and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, net of accumulated depreciation, as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Land	$ 1,132,964	$ 1,132,964
Construction In Progress	304,300	304,300
Building and Improvements	28,721,150	29,120,625
Equipment	722,990	704,261
Land Improvements	471,945	512,626
Total	$ 31,353,349	$ 31,774,776

Additional information about the School District's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017, the School District had about $2.3 million in total debt outstanding which consisted of $2.0 million in bond debt, $0.2 million in capital leases and roughly $0.04 million in revenue bonds. Table 5 summarizes the School District's debt as compared to the prior year.

Table 5
Debt at June 30

	Governmental Activities	
	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Bonds Payable	$ 2,000,000	$ 2,000,000
Capital Leases	237,838	159,712
Revenue Bonds	36,360	47,520
Total	$ 2,274,198	$ 2,207,232

Additional information about the School District's debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Currently known circumstances that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations in future years are as follows:

- The School District is financially stable. The School District's operating millage for fiscal year 2017 was 17.949, which produced approximately $158,504 per mill.

- The School District used the rollback for the fiscal year 2018 operating millage of 17.144, which is projected to produce approximately $169,250 per mill and a slight decrease in ad valorem revenue of approximately $2,470 for fiscal year 2018.

- The School District is scheduled to receive $559,451 in increased state revenue for fiscal year 2018. This is the result of an increase in QBE state funds based on FTE of $427,449, as well as an increase in equalization of $130,885. In addition, fiscal year 2018 revenue will again be cut as the State of Georgia imposes another QBE Austerity Reduction expected to cost the School District approximately $190,000 in earned revenue, bringing the grand total of revenue lost since the cuts began in 2003 to more than $10.8 million.

- In fiscal year 2018, the cost of the employer portion of TRS pension will increase approximately $360,000, and an increase in health insurance employer portion for non-certified employees is expected to add another $31,000. The employer portion of TRS is scheduled to increase in fiscal year 2019 to 20.9% of salaries for an additional anticipated expense of $408,000. In spite of these imposed expenses and cuts, the School District consistently evaluates how funds can be spent smarter and more effectively to ensure that Social Circle City School District's students receive a quality educational opportunity.

- In May 2016, the citizens of Walton County voted to renew the current Educational Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) which began January 1, 2013 and ends December 31, 2017. The renewed ESPLOST will begin January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2022. In March 2013, the citizens of Newton County voted to renew the current ESPLOST which began January 1, 2015 and will end December 31, 2019. The School District receives a small allocation from the Newton County ESPLOST. The School District regularly monitors anticipated capital outlay needs for facility repair and maintenance and the use of ESPLOST funds.

- The School District has intergovernmental agreements with Walton County School District for the education of student residents in Zone 5. The current agreement is through June 30, 2021. The School District also has an intergovernmental agreement with Newton County School District for the education of student residents of Newton County. This agreement was initially made in May 2007, renewed in November 2012, and is effective through 2020. The tax dollars follow the child as outlined in each intergovernmental agreement. Each agreement is expected to be renegotiated prior to the effective date.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Allison Pittard, Chief Financial Officer, City of Social Circle School District, 147 Alcova Drive, Social Circle, Georgia 30025. You may also email your questions to Allison Pittard at allison.pittard@socialcircleschools.org.

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2017

EXHIBIT "A"

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 3,676,830.59
Investments	1,425,000.00
Receivables, Net	
Taxes	229,475.57
State Government	1,278,364.79
Federal Government	127,297.53
Local	75.36
Inventories	27,004.77
Restricted Assets	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent or Trustee	1,860,064.28
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	1,437,264.67
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	29,916,084.78
Total Assets	39,977,462.34
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	4,479,148.47
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	72,825.43
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,775,875.83
Net Pension Liability	16,665,815.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	169,660.70
Due in More Than One Year	2,104,536.89
Total Liabilities	20,788,713.85
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	501,953.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,330,155.46
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	27,004.77
Debt Service	1,846,898.27
Capital Projects	747,199.24
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,785,313.78)
Total Net Position	$ 23,165,943.96

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Instruction	$ 11,286,808.23	$ 1,747,439.51
Support Services		
Pupil Services	559,545.18	-
Improvement of Instructional Services	608,364.76	-
Educational Media Services	398,058.45	-
General Administration	760,117.18	-
School Administration	1,288,459.66	-
Business Administration	194,261.92	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,561,023.83	3,000.00
Student Transportation Services	785,069.01	-
Central Support Services	511.00	-
Other Support Services	161,291.71	-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		
Enterprise Operations	179,234.36	85,984.60
Food Services	831,744.15	192,307.25
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	9,098.11	-
Total Governmental Activities	$ 18,623,587.55	$ 2,028,731.36
General Revenues		
Taxes		
Property Taxes		
For Maintenance and Operations		
Sales Taxes		
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax		
For Capital Projects		
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs		
Investment Earnings		
Miscellaneous		
Total General Revenues		
Change in Net Position		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		
Net Position - End of Year		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT "B"

PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSES)
OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
$ 7,799,317.63	$ -	$ (1,740,051.09)
101,350.33	-	(458,194.85)
384,614.64	-	(223,750.12)
212,773.00	-	(185,285.45)
495,291.02	-	(264,826.16)
579,585.96	-	(708,873.70)
-	-	(194,261.92)
513,787.88	-	(1,044,235.95)
200,301.46	-	(584,767.55)
511.00	-	-
76,720.20	-	(84,571.51)
-	-	(93,249.76)
475,198.60	60,554.34	(103,683.96)
-	-	(9,098.11)
$ 10,839,451.72	$ 60,554.34	(5,694,850.13)
		2,844,979.61
		1,149,007.56
		1,326,281.00
		78,119.22
		365,790.88
		5,764,178.27
		69,328.14
		23,096,615.82
		$ 23,165,943.96

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY

EXHIBIT "C"

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 3,017,026.86	$ 659,803.73	$ 3,676,830.59
Investments	1,425,000.00	-	1,425,000.00
Receivables, Net			
Taxes	132,557.50	96,918.07	229,475.57
State Government	1,278,364.79	-	1,278,364.79
Federal Government	127,297.53	-	127,297.53
Local	75.36	-	75.36
Inventories	27,004.77	-	27,004.77
Restricted			
Cash and Investments with a Fiscal Agent or Trustee	1,860,064.28	-	1,860,064.28
Total Assets	$ 7,867,391.09	$ 756,721.80	$ 8,624,112.89
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	$ 63,302.87	$ 9,522.56	$ 72,825.43
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,775,875.83	-	1,775,875.83
Total Liabilities	1,839,178.70	9,522.56	1,848,701.26
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	92,220.67	-	92,220.67
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	27,004.77	-	27,004.77
Restricted	1,860,064.28	747,199.24	2,607,263.52
Assigned	123,823.57	-	123,823.57
Unassigned	3,925,099.10	-	3,925,099.10
Total Fund Balances	5,935,991.72	747,199.24	6,683,190.96
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	$ 7,867,391.09	$ 756,721.80	$ 8,624,112.89

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2017

EXHIBIT "D"

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		$ 6,683,190.96
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	$ 1,132,964.29	
Construction in progress	304,300.38	
Buildings and improvements	38,168,005.38	
Equipment	2,435,888.65	
Land improvements	923,097.38	
Accumulated depreciation	(11,610,906.63)	31,353,349.45
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability		(16,665,815.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,977,195.47
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		92,220.67
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds Payable	$ (2,000,000.00)	
Capital leases payable	(237,837.59)	
Revenue bonds	(36,360.00)	(2,274,197.59)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		$ 23,165,943.96

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY

EXHIBIT "E"

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	$ 2,877,494.87	$ -	$ 2,877,494.87
Sales Taxes	-	1,149,007.56	1,149,007.56
State Funds	10,924,213.27	-	10,924,213.27
Federal Funds	1,281,923.49	-	1,281,923.49
Charges for Services	2,028,731.36	-	2,028,731.36
Investment Earnings	75,248.25	2,870.97	78,119.22
Miscellaneous	364,830.58	960.30	365,790.88
Total Revenues	17,552,441.82	1,152,838.83	18,705,280.65
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction	9,929,151.79	549,149.81	10,478,301.60
Support Services			
Pupil Services	514,645.34	28,690.00	543,335.34
Improvement of Instructional Services	591,508.62	-	591,508.62
Educational Media Services	366,902.30	18,595.80	385,498.10
General Administration	719,446.60	7,920.41	727,367.01
School Administration	1,236,762.89	3,381.79	1,240,144.68
Business Administration	177,439.17	10,205.17	187,644.34
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,390,621.13	185,464.33	1,576,085.46
Student Transportation Services	688,086.49	14,760.00	702,846.49
Central Support Services	511.00	-	511.00
Other Support Services	159,305.15	-	159,305.15
Enterprise Operations	179,234.36	-	179,234.36
Food Services Operation	865,151.76	26,488.74	891,640.50
Capital Outlay	-	200.00	200.00
Debt Services			
Principal	11,160.00	161,473.94	172,633.94
Interest	2,038.72	7,059.39	9,098.11
Total Expenditures	16,831,965.32	1,013,389.38	17,845,354.70
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	720,476.50	139,449.45	859,925.95
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Capital Leases	-	239,600.00	239,600.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	720,476.50	379,049.45	1,099,525.95
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,215,515.22	368,149.79	5,583,665.01
Fund Balances - Ending	$ 5,935,991.72	$ 747,199.24	$ 6,683,190.96

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2017

EXHIBIT "F"

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		$ 1,099,525.95
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	$ 195,360.06	
Depreciation expense	(616,786.56)	(421,426.50)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(32,515.26)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital leases issued	$ (239,600.00)	
Revenue bond payment	11,160.00	
Capital lease payments	161,473.94	(66,966.06)
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension expense		(509,289.99)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		$ 69,328.14

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2017

EXHIBIT "G"

	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 70,910.92
LIABILITIES	
Funds Held for Others	$ 70,910.92

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Social Circle Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
2. Restricted net position consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net positon often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

- Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2017, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures.* This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information; (1) brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients; (2) the gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period; and (3) commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2017, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*. This statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organization Are Component Units*. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2017, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73*. This statement addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68*, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. Specifically, this statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds and Rutland Center revenue bonds.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	All	N/A
Land Improvements	$ 10,000.00	20 to 70 years
Buildings and Improvements	$ 10,000.00	25 to 70 years
Equipment	$ 10,000.00	8 to 25 years
Intangible Assets	$ 10,000.00	15 to 50 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The City of Social Circle Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2016 tax digest year (calendar year) on October 20, 2016 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2016. Taxes were due on December 20, 2016 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2016 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2017. The City of Social Circle City Clerk bills and collects the property taxes for the School District and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, for maintenance and operations amounted to $2,700,307.06.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2016 tax year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals $1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	17.949 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to $177,187.81 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to $1,149,007.56 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

(1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,

(2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,

(3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,

(4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,

(5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,

(6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and

(7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of $5,137,268.97, and a bank balance of $5,250,874.54. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were $415,709.84.

At June 30, 2017, $4,835,164.70 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	$	-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution		-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name		4,835,164.70
Total	$	4,835,164.70

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Statement of Net Position		
Cash and cash equivalents	$	3,676,830.59
Restricted cash with fiscal agent or trustee		1,966.07
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		
Cash and cash equivalents		70,910.92
Total cash and cash equivalents		3,749,707.58
Add:		
Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments		1,425,000.00
Less:		
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
Georgia Fund 1		37,438.61
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2017	$	5,137,268.97

CATEGORIZATION OF CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District reported cash equivalents of $37,438.61 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share

price, $1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2016, was 26 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

CATEGORIZATION OF INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments:

		Investment Maturity	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years
Debt Securities			
U. S. Agencies			
Implicitly Guaranteed	$ 1,844,932.20	$ -	$ 1,844,932.20
Bond Mutual Funds	13,166.01	13,166.01	-
Total Investments	$ 1,858,098.21	$ 13,166.01	$ 1,844,932.20

Fair Value of Investments

The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical measurements in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments by fair value level:

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHMLC) of $1,844,932.20 and Bond Mutual Funds of $13,166.01 are valued using market observable information for identical or similar instruments in the market place (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2017, $1,858,098.21 of the School District's applicable investments were held by the investment’s counterparty, not in the School District's name.

Credit Quality Risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments to those prescribed O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. The School District does not have a formal policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

The investments subject to credit quality risk are reflected below:

		Quality Ratings	
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Value	AAA	Unrated
Debt Securities			
U. S. Agencies			
Implicitly Guaranteed	$ 1,844,932.20	$ -	$ 1,844,932.20
Bond Mutual Funds	13,166.01	13,166.01	-
Totals by Quality Ratings	$ 1,858,098.21	$ 13,166.01	$ 1,844,932.20

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing concentration of credit risk. More than 5% of the School District's investments are in Federal home loan mortgage corporation discount notes. These investments are 99% of the School District's total investments.

NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling $1,966.07 and $1,844,932.20, respectively, for the QZAB Bond Sinking Fund. In addition, the restricted assets represent the investment balance of $13,166.01 for the Rutland Center Revenue Bonds.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	$ 1,132,964.29	$ -	$ -	$ 1,132,964.29
Construction in Progress	304,300.38	-	-	304,300.38
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,437,264.67	-	-	1,437,264.67
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	38,143,312.58	24,692.80	-	38,168,005.38
Equipment	2,265,221.39	170,667.26	-	2,435,888.65
Land Improvements	923,097.38	-	-	923,097.38
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	9,022,687.52	424,167.74	-	9,446,855.26
Equipment	1,560,960.91	151,937.75	-	1,712,898.66
Land Improvements	410,471.64	40,681.07	-	451,152.71
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	30,337,511.28	(421,426.50)	-	29,916,084.78
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	$ 31,774,775.95	$ (421,426.50)	$ -	$ 31,353,349.45

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		$ 482,620.71
Support Services		
General Administration	$ 15,691.04	
School Administration	1,066.00	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	4,246.22	
Student Transportation Services	102,229.01	123,232.27
Food Services		10,933.58
		$ 616,786.56

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	$ 2,000,000.00	$ -	$ -	$ 2,000,000.00	$ -
Revenue Bonds	47,520.00		11,160.00	36,360.00	11,640.00
Capital Leases	159,711.53	239,600.00	161,473.94	237,837.59	158,020.70
	$ 2,207,231.53	$ 239,600.00	$ 172,633.94	$ 2,274,197.59	$ 169,660.70

QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BONDS (QZAB)

Section 226 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-34) provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by School Districts in connection with the establishment of special academic programs, in partnership with the business community. The School District, in agreement with US Bank, has entered into such an arrangement.

This agreement establishes a method of repayment for qualified interest-free debt instrument. The agreement requires the School District to deposit funds annually into a sinking fund account on or before August 08, 2017. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2017 was $1,846,898.27.

Debt currently outstanding under Qualified Zone Academy Bonds is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Descripton - QZAB Series 2003	0.00%	9/18/2003	8/1/2018	$ 2,000,000.00	$ 2,000,000.00

The following schedule reports the annual Qualified Zone Academy Bond payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal
2019	$ 2,000,000.00

REVENUE BONDS

The School District entered into a contract with the Northeast Georgia Regional Educational Service Agency, dated June 1, 2006, for the issuance of revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and subsequent lease of the Rutland Center located in Athens, Georgia. Under the terms of the agreement, the School District will make annual payments through August 1, 2020. Under the terms of the contract, the Northeast Georgia Regional Educational Service Agency issued $105,720.00 in

revenue bonds on behalf of the School District. The obligation of the School District is absolute and unconditional so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding. Under the contract, the School District will exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required to be paid by the contract.

Debt currently outstanding under Revenue Bonds is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Government - Rutland Center Revenue Bonds	4.16%	6/1/2006	8/1/2020	$ 105,720.00	$ 36,360.00

The following is a schedule of total revenue bond payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest
2018	$ 11,640.00	$ 1,512.58
2019	12,120.00	1,028.35
2020	12,600.00	524.16
Total Principal and Interest	$ 36,360.00	$ 3,065.09

CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired informational technology equipment under the provisions of lease agreements with Dell Financial Services. The lease agreements have been classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Dell Financial Services-Active Panels	4.4201%	11/11/2015	1/1/2018	$ 244,900.00	$ 81,582.45
Dell Financial Services-Active Panels	4.3300%	11/1/2016	11/1/2019	239,600.00	156,255.14
				$ 484,500.00	$ 237,837.59

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest
2018	$ 158,020.70	$ 10,512.62
2019	79,816.89	3,527.97
Total Principal and Interest	$ 237,837.59	$ 14,040.59

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning of Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	End of Year Liability
2016	$ 4,950.00	$ 1,903.00	$ 6,853.00	$ -
2017	$ -	$ 4,923.00	$ 4,923.00	$ -

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	Amount
Superintendent	$ 25,000.00

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2017:

Nonspendable		
Inventories		$ 27,004.77
Restricted		
Capital Projects	$ 747,199.24	
Debt Service	1,846,898.27	
Rutland Center	13,166.01	2,607,263.52
Assigned		
After School Program	$ 43,192.10	
School Activity Accounts	80,631.47	123,823.57
Unassigned		3,925,099.10
Fund Balance, June 30, 2017		$ 6,683,190.96

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5% of expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. § 20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 11: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description. The Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that covers eligible former employees of public school systems, libraries and regional educational service agencies. The School OPEB Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible former employees and their qualified beneficiaries through the State Employees Health Benefit Plan administered by the Department of Community Health. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits

for retirees, to the Board of Community Health (Board). Additional information about the School OPEB Fund is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. For members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, contributions also vary based on years of service. On average, members with five years or more of service as of January 1, 2012 pay approximately 25% of the cost of the health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, the State provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board of Community Health sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The combined active and retiree contribution rates established by the Board for employers participating in the School OPEB Fund were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

For certificated teachers, librarians and regional educational service agencies and certain other eligible participants:

July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	$945.00 per member per month

For non-certificated school personnel:

July 1, 2016 – December 31, 2016	$746.20 per member per month
January 1, 2017 – June 30, 2017	$846.20 per member per month

No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2017 nor contributed to the School OPEB Fund to prefund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the School plan for other post-employment benefits and are subject to appropriation.

The School District's combined active and retiree contributions to the health insurance plans, which equaled the required contribution, for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	Required Contribution
2017	100%	$ 1,562,141.40
2016	100%	$ 1,572,471.06
2015	100%	$ 1,614,656.20

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the *O.C.G.A.* assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2016. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.27% of annual School District payroll, of which 14.04% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.23% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were $1,318,273.47 and $21,261.70 from the School District and the State, respectively.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of $14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute $4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute $10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was $22,567.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported a liability of $16,665,815.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$	16,665,815.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District		291,518.00
Total	$	16,957,333.00

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2016, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.080780%, which was a decrease of 0.002285% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

At June 30, 2017, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is $140,579.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District recognized pension expense of $1,868,496.00 for TRS and $23,046.00 for PSERS and revenue of $40,933.00 for TRS and $23,046.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 248,276.00	$ 82,413.00
Changes of assumptions	431,955.00	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,108,294.00	-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	372,350.00	419,540.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,318,273.47	-
Total	$ 4,479,148.47	$ 501,953.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of $1,318,273.47 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS
2018	$ 367,380.00
2019	$ 367,379.00
2020	$ 1,163,754.00
2021	$ 742,643.00
2022	$ 17,766.00

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative	-	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

* Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	$ 25,940,546.00	$ 16,665,815.00	$ 9,029,602.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html.

NOTE 13: DEFICIT FUND BALANCE OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The fund reporting a deficit fund balance at the fiscal year end, is as follows:

Fund Type/Fund Name	Deficit Balance
General Fund	
School Food Service	$ 173,228.17

The Board plans to cover the fund balance deficit in the school food service program using the unassigned fund balance available in the general fund. A transfer will be made in the subsequent period to ensure the total school food service fund is sufficient to cover the deficit that exists in the program.

NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In the subsequent fiscal year, voters of Newton County authorized a special one percent sales tax for a period not to exceed twenty (20) consecutive quarters and for the purpose of raising not more than $300,000.00 for the purposes of adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful or desirable in connection therewith; acquiring school buses and system-wide technology improvements; and acquiring any necessary property therefor, both real and personal.

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.080780%	$ 16,665,815.00	$ 291,518.00	$ 16,957,333.00	$ 9,015,743.12	184.85%	76.06%
2016	0.083065%	$ 12,645,821.00	$ 167,007.00	$ 12,812,828.00	$ 8,880,798.10	142.40%	81.44%
2015	0.084137%	$ 10,629,600.00	$ 139,223.00	$ 10,768,823.00	$ 8,696,145.91	122.23%	84.03%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE "2"

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	State of Georgia's proprotionate share of the net pension liaibility associated with the School District	Total	School District's covered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.00%	0.000000%	$ 140,579.00	$ 140,579.00	$ 292,101.93	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	0.000000%	$ 97,095.00	$ 97,095.00	$ 303,368.13	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	0.000000%	$ 86,865.00	$ 86,865.00	$ 301,354.62	N/A	88.29%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SCHEDULE "3"

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2017	$ 1,318,273.47	$ 1,318,273.47	$ -	$ 9,388,349.96	14.04%
2016	$ 1,264,433.46	$ 1,264,433.46	$ -	$ 9,015,743.12	14.02%
2015	$ 1,152,989.73	$ 1,152,989.73	$ -	$ 8,880,798.16	12.98%
2014	$ 1,054,077.25	$ 1,054,077.25	$ -	$ 8,696,145.91	12.12%
2013	$ 991,148.26	$ 991,148.26	$ -	$ 8,808,211.03	11.25%
2012	$ 879,725.51	$ 879,725.51	$ -	$ 8,640,766.40	10.18%
2011	$ 877,580.88	$ 877,580.88	$ -	$ 8,613,903.33	10.19%
2010	$ 864,504.03	$ 864,504.03	$ -	$ 8,946,679.67	9.66%
2009	$ 833,754.15	$ 833,754.15	$ -	$ 9,128,159.73	9.13%
2008	$ 805,509.18	$ 805,509.18	$ -	$ 8,680,059.02	9.28%

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP 2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE "5"

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	$ 2,810,455.31	$ 2,810,455.31	$ 2,877,494.87	$ 67,039.56
State Funds	10,559,754.17	10,580,781.42	10,924,213.27	343,431.85
Federal Funds	1,219,714.00	1,295,070.34	1,281,923.49	(13,146.85)
Charges for Services	1,595,773.95	1,595,773.95	2,028,731.36	432,957.41
Investment Earnings	6,780.00	6,780.00	75,248.25	68,468.25
Miscellaneous	282,075.00	282,075.00	364,830.58	82,755.58
Total Revenues	16,474,552.43	16,570,936.02	17,552,441.82	981,505.80
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	10,211,556.32	10,342,053.51	9,929,151.79	412,901.72
Support Services				
Pupil Services	644,259.00	652,803.00	514,645.34	138,157.66
Improvement of Instructional Services	646,528.00	622,568.00	591,508.62	31,059.38
Educational Media Services	389,771.00	389,771.00	366,902.30	22,868.70
General Administration	707,051.00	723,097.00	719,446.60	3,650.40
School Administration	1,349,065.05	1,353,724.96	1,236,762.89	116,962.07
Business Administration	176,408.00	176,408.00	177,439.17	(1,031.17)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,539,162.00	1,527,512.00	1,390,621.13	136,890.87
Student Transportation Services	692,716.80	709,009.50	688,086.49	20,923.01
Central Support Services	829.00	1,200.00	511.00	689.00
Other Support Services	241,646.00	194,496.00	159,305.15	35,190.85
Enterprise Operations	137,600.00	175,950.00	179,234.36	(3,284.36)
Food Services Operation	857,454.34	863,524.34	865,151.76	(1,627.42)
Debt Service	-	-	13,198.72	(13,198.72)
Total Expenditures	17,594,046.51	17,732,117.31	16,831,965.32	900,151.99
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,119,494.08)	(1,161,181.29)	720,476.50	1,881,657.79
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,638,580.03	5,638,580.03	5,215,515.22	(423,064.81)
Fund Balances - Ending	$ 4,519,085.95	$ 4,477,398.74	$ 5,935,991.72	$ 1,458,592.98

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

See notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17175GA324N1099	$ 121,253.05
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17175GA324N1199	657,158.41
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			778,411.46
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	305,550.38
Preschool Grants	83.173	H163A160081	6,724.00
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A160081	293.00
Total Special Education Cluster			312,567.38
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A160010	12,111.50
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	49,928.60
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	293,963.00
Total Other Programs			356,003.10
Total U. S. Department of Education			668,570.48
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Direct			
Department of the Army			
R.O.T.C. Program	12.UNKNOWN		64,111.24
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			$ 1,511,093.18

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Social Circle Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

AGENCY/FUNDING	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE GENERAL FUND
GRANTS	
Bright From the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	$ 274,083.02
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	515,664.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	55,479.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	946,973.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	182,601.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	537,474.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	216,466.00
Middle School (6-8) Program	1,178,456.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program	1,093,716.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	380,322.00
Students with Disabilities	1,348,196.00
Gifted Student - Category VI	874,758.00
Remedial Education Program	29,552.00
Alternative Education Program	88,061.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	17,830.00
Media Center Program	194,465.00
20 Days Additional Instruction	57,776.00
Staff and Professional Development	34,209.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,098.00
Indirect Cost	
Central Administration	430,207.00
School Administration	527,817.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations	460,674.00
Amended Formula Adjustment	(138,870.00)
Categorical Grants	
Pupil Transportation	
Regular	131,306.00
Nursing Services	45,000.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant	1,326,281.00
Other State Programs	
Food Services	22,395.00
Teacher of the Year	507.25
Math and Science Supplements	6,068.36
Preschool Disability Services	17,324.00
Teachers Retirement	21,261.70
Vocational Education	17,842.97
Vocational Supervisors	6,652.97
Office of the State Treasurer	
Public School Employees Retirement	22,567.00
	$ 10,924,213.27

See notes to the basic financial statements.

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION - WALTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SCHEDULE "8"

PROJECT	ORGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)(4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)(4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED (5)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
Walton County 2008/2017 SPLOST Projects:							
Providing funds to pay the costs of :							
Acquiring, constructing and equipping a new elementary school;	$ 7,898,600.00	$ 16,000,000.00	$ -	$ 309,281.38	$ -	$ -	June 30, 2022
Acquiring land for future schools;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquiring, constructing and equipping a new central facility;	1,650,000.00	1,646,556.46	-	1,646,556.46	1,646,556.46	3,443.54	Complete
Acquiring, constructing and equipping an athletic complex;	6,890,000.00	9,027,741.52	-	9,027,741.52	9,027,741.52	-	Complete
Acquiring buses;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquiring textbooks;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquiring technology upgrades;	6,000.00	780,000.00	495,312.16	280,838.04	-	-	June 30, 2020
Financing a portion of the costs of a regional facility for special needs students;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing and equipping existing athletic facilities;	-	-	69,776.78	53,166.49	-	-	June 30, 2017
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing and equipping existing educational buildings, properties and facilities of the City of Social Circle School District;	-	1,500,000.00	199,178.63	1,109,767.40	-	-	June 30, 2020
TOTAL - WALTON COUNTY SPLOST	16,444,600.00	28,954,297.98	764,267.57	12,427,351.29	10,674,297.98	3,443.54	
Newton County 2005/2019 SPLOST Projects:							
Providing funds to pay the costs of:							
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful or desirable in connection;	1,200,000.00	1,309,828.90	9,522.56	646,197.29	-	-	June 30, 2020
Acquiring school buses;	600,000.00	650,000.00	-	623,420.50	-	-	June 30, 2017
Acquiring system-wide technology improvements;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquiring any necessary property, both real and personal.	450,000.00	267,005.60	-	168,362.80	-	-	June 30, 2020
TOTAL - NEWTON COUNTY SPLOST	2,250,000.00	2,226,834.50	9,522.56	1,437,980.59	-	-	
TOTAL - WALTON AND NEWTON COUNTY SPLOST	$ 18,694,600.00	$ 31,181,132.48	$ 773,790.13	$ 13,865,331.88	$ 10,674,297.98	$ 3,443.54	

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Walton County and of Newton County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

(4) Project 1 /SPLOST-WALTON was underfunded as of June 30, 2014 in excess of $11,690,719. The lack of funds was due to the decrease in sales taxes experienced in the past 6 years (and GA DOE change in facility forward-funding). Social Circle City Schools directed the Splost funds to Project 4.

(5) Project 3 /SPLOST-WALTON was completed in June 2010 with total actual expenditures of $1,646,556.46.
The previous estimated cost was $1,650,000. The surplus of SPLOST proceeds of $3,443.54 are applied to construction Project 4.

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SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 8, 2019

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Social Circle Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information] of the City of Social Circle Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material

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effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin
STATE AUDITOR
(404) 656-2174

January 8, 2019

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Social Circle Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Social Circle Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

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SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY
AUDITEE'S RESPONSE
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

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SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE BOARD OF EDUCATION – WALTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

▪ Material weakness identified?	No
▪ Significant deficiency identified?	None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:	No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

▪ Material weakness identified?	No
▪ Significant deficiency identified?	None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs	Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	$750,000.00
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.